

COLOMBO PORT CITY, SRI LANKA

PORT OF COLOMBO

THE COLMBO PORT CITY DEVELOPMENT, LTD. (CPCD)

PORT OF COLOMBO

With a view to the 25th anniversary of the 1978 Port of Colombo (POC) Act, the Government of Sri Lanka has decided to redevelop the port area into a modern port city. This is a comprehensive project involving the development of the port area, the surrounding urban area, and the surrounding infrastructure. The project is being implemented by the Colombo Port City Development, Ltd. (CPCD), a joint venture between the Government of Sri Lanka and the private sector.

The project is being implemented in three phases. Phase 1 involves the development of the port area, including the construction of new berths and the expansion of existing berths. Phase 2 involves the development of the surrounding urban area, including the construction of new roads, bridges, and public facilities. Phase 3 involves the development of the surrounding infrastructure, including the construction of new schools, hospitals, and other public facilities.

The project is expected to be completed by 2025. It is expected to create a large number of jobs and to significantly improve the port's capacity and efficiency.



## 疏浚吹填 DREDGING AND RECLAMATION

CHINA MARINE ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. 中国海洋工程集团有限公司



SAUDI BAS AZ ZAWR PORT EPC PROJECT IN SAUDI ARABIA

THE CLIENT: Saudi Ports Authority  
DATE OF COMPLETION: 31 Oct. 2012

MAIN WORKS: 110 km<sup>2</sup> of 20m dredging line of 100,000 m<sup>3</sup>. The Project specification is in line with American standard. Blasting, Saudi equipment and relevant international specifications.  
主要工作: 110 公里长 20 米深疏浚线, 超深疏浚量 46,700 万立方米。使用美国标准, 沙特设备及相关国际规范。



CIVIL MARINE AND INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS FOR PHASE 1 OF WHITE BAY DEVELOPMENT, UMM AL QAIWAIN, UAE

THE CLIENT: Al Madaen Real Estate Development  
DATE OF COMPLETION: 11 Nov. 2010

MAIN WORKS: design for port basin and channel, reclamation for an artificial island, marine works, roads and bridges, ground base works, and hydrographer plants.  
主要工作: 港口盆地和航道设计, 人工岛填海, 桥梁, 路基, 地基处理, 水文测量。



SONAREF REFINERY PROJECT, DREDGING FOR MARINE FACILITIES, ANGOLA

THE CLIENT: Sonaref EP

DATE OF COMPLETION: 31 Aug. 2012

MAIN WORKS: 1.1 km<sup>2</sup> dredging of 10,340,000 m<sup>3</sup>, temporary reclamation of 1014m, permanent reclamation of 1125m and other accessory facilities.  
主要工作: 疏浚工程 1.1 平方公里, 临时填海 1014 米, 永久填海 1125 米, 以及其他配套设施工程。



## 道路桥梁 ROAD AND BRIDGE

CHINA HARBOR ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. | Beijing, China | www.china-harbor.com



HANGZHOU BAY CAUSEWAY BRIDGE, CHINA

中国港湾工程有限责任公司

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2007

**MAIN WORKS:** The bridge is a single 3.6km long with elliptical pylon of 32.7m, using large diameter steel tubular pile as the foundation, designed in S-shape over Hangzhou Bay and adopting precise concrete technology to make the pile up to 7.5m.

The construction team had spent tremendous effort to overcome the adverse tidal condition, making it the longest sea crossing bridge in the world.

杭州湾跨海大桥全长3.6公里，其中海上桥长22.7公里。由于杭州湾海域潮汐落差较大，大跨度桥型，最长的跨海大桥，桥型为S形，全长3.6公里，其中海上桥长22.7公里。大桥采用大直径钢管桩基础，采用精确的混凝土技术，使桥墩达到7.5米。

大桥建设过程中，团队克服了恶劣的潮汐条件，创造了世界最长的跨海大桥。

## CHONGQING CHAOTIANMEN ARCH BRIDGE, CHINA

重庆朝天门大桥

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2009

**MAIN WORKS:** The bridge is a single spanning three spans (190m + 562m + 190m) built by steel trusses with the main span in arch structure. The approaches on two sides (1.4km + 2.45km) built by spans of continuous prestressed concrete beams. The whole bridge is in double deck, the upper level has three lanes (2.4km) and the lower level has two lanes (1.4km).

重庆朝天门大桥全长1.741公里，主跨为190米 + 562米 + 190米，采用钢桁架拱桥结构，桥面为双向三车道，上层为双向三车道，下层为双向二车道。桥面宽度36米，下层中间为双向二车道，两侧为步行道。



HONG KONG-ZHUHAI-MACAO BRIDGE, BOUNDARY AND SCENIC HILL

中国港湾工程有限责任公司

THE CLIENT: HKS

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2018

**MAIN WORKS:** The bridge is a single 29km long with elliptical pylon of 32.7m, using large diameter steel tubular pile as the foundation, designed in S-shape over Hangzhou Bay and adopting precise concrete technology to make the pile up to 7.5m.

The construction team had spent tremendous effort to overcome the adverse tidal condition, making it the longest sea crossing bridge in the world.

香港、珠海、澳门三地之间的连接，是连接三地的重要通道。大桥全长29公里，其中海上桥长22.7公里。大桥采用大直径钢管桩基础，采用精确的混凝土技术，使桥墩达到7.5米。

大桥建设过程中，团队克服了恶劣的潮汐条件，创造了世界最长的跨海大桥。



RUYANG YANGTZE RIVER BRIDGE, CHINA

中国港湾工程有限责任公司

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2005

**MAIN WORKS:** The bridge is a single 2.4km long with elliptical pylon of 32.7m, using large diameter steel tubular pile as the foundation, designed in S-shape over Hangzhou Bay and adopting precise concrete technology to make the pile up to 7.5m.

The construction team had spent tremendous effort to overcome the adverse tidal condition, making it the longest sea crossing bridge in the world.

长江三峡大桥，是中国第一座双塔双跨悬索桥。大桥全长2.4公里，其中主跨为1.4公里。大桥采用双塔双跨悬索桥结构，桥面为双向四车道。大桥建设过程中，团队克服了恶劣的潮汐条件，创造了世界最长的跨海大桥。





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DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND COMPLETION OF THE SECOND PENANG BRIDGE, MALAYSIA

THE NUTRITION RESEARCH FOUNDATION

1116 65321 ■ 6-1000 1116000 01116

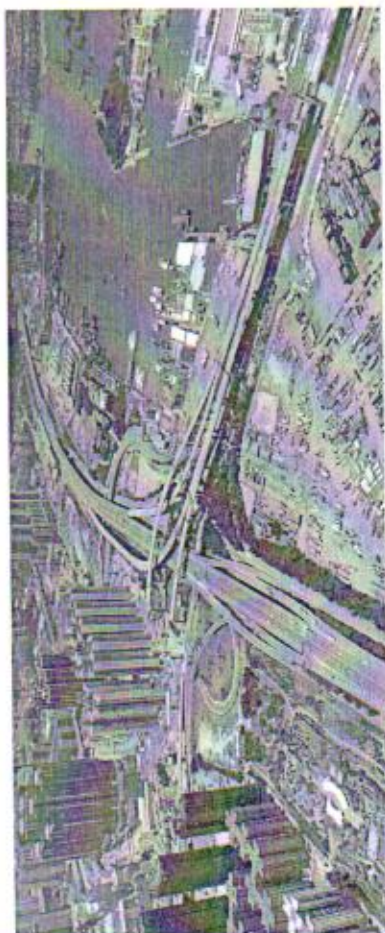
an entire bridge is built from a single piece of steel. The bridge will have a total length of 22.5 km (14 mi), making it the longest single-piece bridge in the world. The bridge will be built in three sections, each 7.5 km (4.7 mi) long. The bridge will be built in three sections, each 7.5 km (4.7 mi) long. The bridge will be built in three sections, each 7.5 km (4.7 mi) long.

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# 道路桥梁 ROAD AND BRIDGE

CHINA HARBOR & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY LTD. / 中国港湾建设股份有限公司

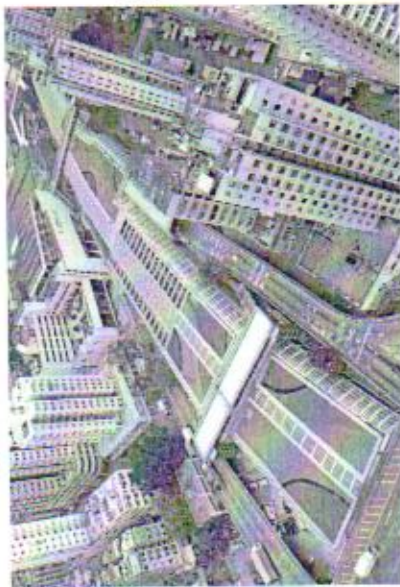


SHA TIN NEW TOWN CONSTRUCTION OF ROAD 77 IN MA ON SHAN, HONG KONG, CHINA

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2005

MAIN WORKS: A road with components consisting of 1.2km dual 2-lane carriageway with 12m of elevated viaduct, and a 2.0km long tunnel by "cut & blast" method, including structural launching techniques for the installation of precast bridge segments, 2.0km of concrete viaduct and 1.0km of expressway viaduct along the carriageway to integrate the traffic noise to the nearby residents.

主要工程内容: 一段长 1.2 公里的 2 车道双向高架桥, 2.0 公里的隧道, 以及 1.0 公里的快速路高架桥, 2.0 公里的普通公路高架桥。



GOVERNMENT OF THE HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION, CHINA

THE CLIENT: HKSAR Government, HKSAR

DATE OF COMPLETION: 31 Dec. 2014

MAIN WORKS: Reconstruction and road improvement of an existing expressway with high standards of safety, environmental protection and quality, widening of traffic lanes, highway structures such as viaducts, bridges, box culverts, underpasses and a bridge, and the installation of noise protection and a bridge.

主要工程内容: 重建及改善现有高速公路, 包括拓宽车道, 设置高架桥、桥梁、箱涵、涵洞、隔音屏障等, 以及安装隔音屏障。

主要工程内容: 重建及改善现有高速公路, 包括拓宽车道, 设置高架桥、桥梁、箱涵、涵洞、隔音屏障等, 以及安装隔音屏障。



NORTH-SOUTH HIGHWAY PROJECT, AMALCA

THE CLIENT: Ministry of Transport, Republic of Turkey

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2011

MAIN WORKS: A 1.5km long highway with 4 lanes, including a 1.5km long viaduct with 4 lanes, and a 1.5km long tunnel with 4 lanes. The project also includes the construction of a 1.5km long viaduct with 4 lanes, and a 1.5km long tunnel with 4 lanes.

主要工程内容: 一段长 1.5 公里的 4 车道高速公路, 包括一段长 1.5 公里的高架桥, 以及一段长 1.5 公里的隧道。



MUBARAK AL KABEER AIRPORT PROJECT, PHASE 1 - ROAD, BRIDGES AND SOIL TREATMENT, KUWAIT

THE CLIENT: Ministry of Public Works, Kuwait

DATE OF COMPLETION: 10 Feb. 2013

MAIN WORKS: A 1.5km long highway with 4 lanes, including a 1.5km long viaduct with 4 lanes, and a 1.5km long tunnel with 4 lanes. The project also includes the construction of a 1.5km long viaduct with 4 lanes, and a 1.5km long tunnel with 4 lanes.

主要工程内容: 一段长 1.5 公里的 4 车道高速公路, 包括一段长 1.5 公里的高架桥, 以及一段长 1.5 公里的隧道。

主要工程内容: 一段长 1.5 公里的 4 车道高速公路, 包括一段长 1.5 公里的高架桥, 以及一段长 1.5 公里的隧道。

主要工程内容: 一段长 1.5 公里的 4 车道高速公路, 包括一段长 1.5 公里的高架桥, 以及一段长 1.5 公里的隧道。

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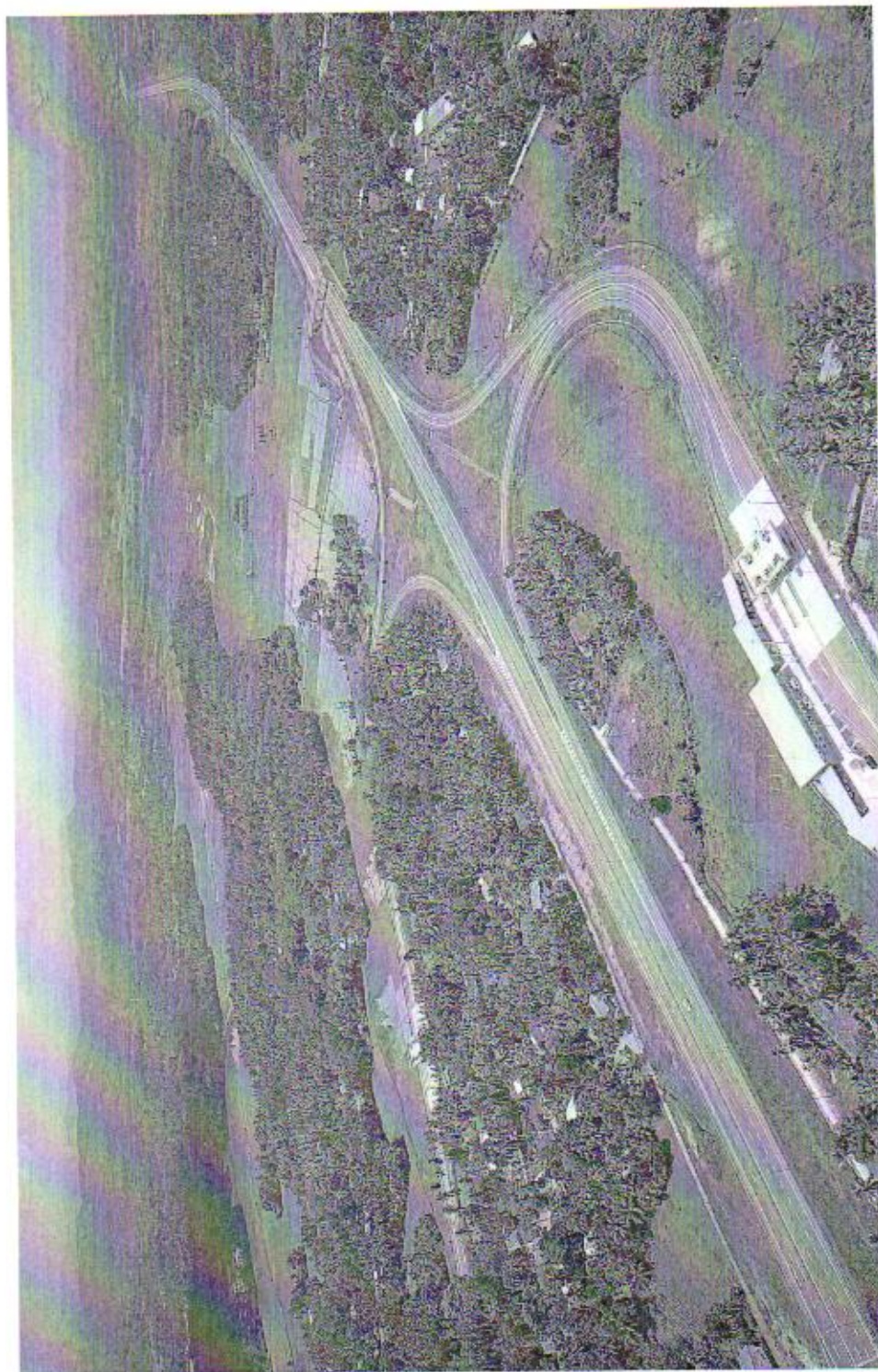
主要工程内容: 一段长 1.5 公里的 4 车道高速公路, 包括一段长 1.5 公里的高架桥, 以及一段长 1.5 公里的隧道。

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SOUTHERN TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENT  
PROJECT CONTRACT PACKAGE I: KOTTAWA TO  
DODDANGODA, SRI LANKA

DUANGGOM, SRI LANKA

THE CURRENT-STATUS

Environ Biol Fish (2015) 98:1031–1040

© 2004 Blackwell Publishing Ltd, *Journal of Internal Medicine* 255: 103–110

### MAIN RESULTS: **Figure 1**: This is the first expressivity constraint

In Package 1, CHC is responsible for building all three out of the 20km making the road base and the asphalt concrete pavement, two grade separated interchanges, one continuous box girder bridge, one new bridge, eight underpass bridges and eight overpass bridges. The responsibility assigned to Zhenhai is mainly surveying but it is available to design its future bridges.

123 公里。

中国沿海铁路第一长隧34.5公里，隧高为基岩进洞土结构，行车的宽度20.5米，双轨各5.5米。2. 交海新站距国家京沪线站：长730米连续顺梁桥。3. 长150米黄工李海神洞桥；B. 隧下桥正桥；B. 隧下桥正桥和6. 隧下桥正桥及黄工李海神洞工程。





— [www.fox.com](http://www.fox.com) —

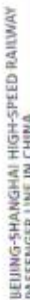
**MMR WORKS IN A HURRY:** a section of Jafam including the earthworks (bars and split materials) of 15.72 million m<sup>3</sup>, twenty six large bridges with the total length of 20.0 km, twelve medium-sized bridges of 2.0 km, one hundred and fifteen culverts and 2000 m of drainage ditches, 2000 m of water and sewerage lines.

It is a 200-km railway line, built by the Chinese government, through the high-altitude and freezing zone in Northeast China. It is a 200-km railway line, built by the Chinese government, through the high-altitude and freezing zone in Northeast China.



State of Colorado 2011-2012

—MAN WORKS—approx. 3' (9m) tall, subgrade, bridge, culverts, tunnels, stations, fabricator and storage yards, and track installation. It is a culvert with a total length of 7' (21m) with the design speed of 45km/hr.

[illegible]

DATE OF COMPLETION: 30 Jun 2011

[illegible]

新明里是在中国东北修建的。人口密度低，  
建设的高速公路工程。它于 13 日 13 日 13 日  
建成 200 公里。其不暴露于其表面，  
新日光路建设。这是美国对安全性的考虑  
的。中国方面不能的评估主要包含 2 种不  
同。长 152.42 公里。3 个高架车站。站 155.4





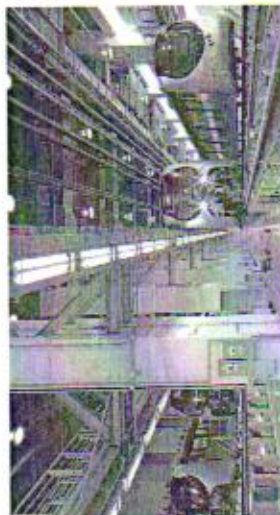
www.oxfordjournals.org/doi/10.1093/oxfordjournals/ehp.a013111

MAIN WORKS: *China's 20th Century*, *Downfall*, *Reckless*, *The Number of Days*, and *Footsteps of a Giant*.

中國當代文學的探索主要作品有《20世紀中國》、《天殛》、《莽撞》、《日之數》、《巨人的足跡》。



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HKRC WEST RAIL DEPOT BUILDING,  
HONG KONG, CHINA

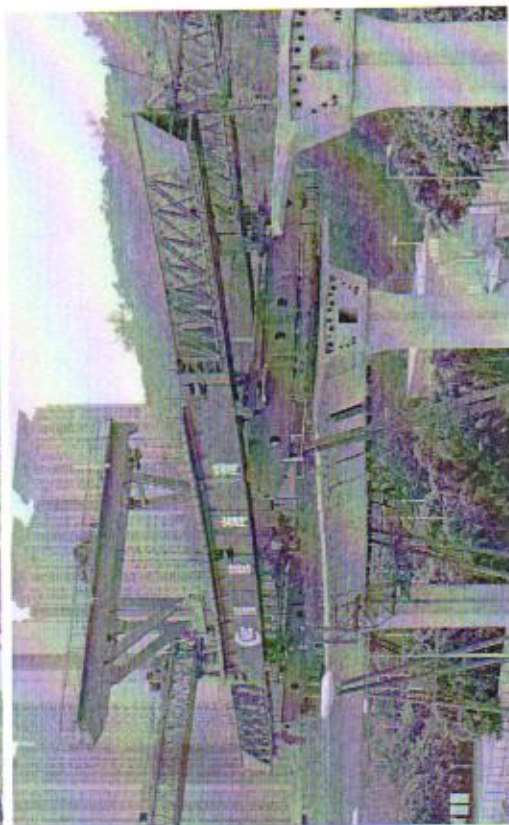
中国农业大学图书馆

DATE OF COMPLETION: 10/15/2003

1-800-445-5467, [www.ford.com](http://www.ford.com)

A two-storey 500m long ERM Maintenance Building and Fan Padium structure including the main foundation, reinforced concrete structure, MERV and ASMF are constructed. Piled hard-over are required to allow the

中国香港西生铁桥全长 30.5 公里，横跨九龙新界的屯门，是香港 6 个跨海隧道项目中最长的一座。它是当时香港最大的基建工程。



2370-CONSTRUCTION WORKS FOR TAIPA BORDER GATE SECTION OF MACAU LRT IN CHINA

1-800-4-A-RENTAL

que el 100% de los estudiantes de Transportes

STATE OF COMPLETION: **REF** In Progress (4.2)

MAIN WORKS: a railway with a total length of 30m, including three newly constructed stations and elevated viaducts; 4 range segments, electrical systems and other facility works.

土庫口站建設 3 公里站設計、4 個製梁場、3 個車站、初設投資等，以及其他相關工程。





AMPANG LRT LINE EXTENSION PROJECT IN KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYSIA

THE CLIENT: MRT Corp (Malaysia) Berhad

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2017 (In Progress)

MAIN WORKS: 1. An 18km long LRT rail line extension project in 18km long including three new stations between Sri Petaling Station and Putra Heights to serve the highly populated residential and commercial areas, and a new depot to accommodate LRT vehicles.

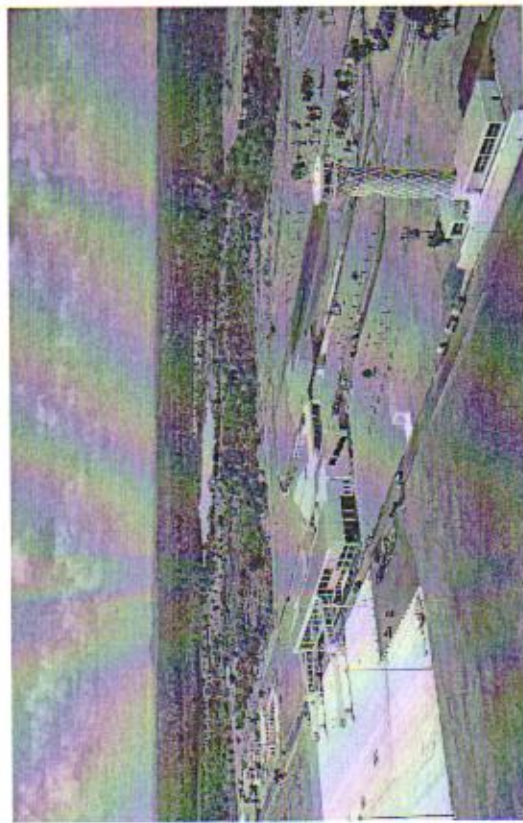
项目为设计、采购、施工总承包项目，主要内容包括：18公里的新线路，设计时速80公里，13座新建车站。





## 航空枢纽 AIRPORT

CHINA RAILWAY GROUP LIMITED (CRG) / 中国铁路集团有限公司



### HAMBANTOTA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, SRI LANKA

THE CLIENT: Sri Lanka Airports Corporation Limited (SLA)

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2013

MAIN WORKS: The project includes the construction of a new terminal building, a new passenger terminal building, a new cargo terminal building, a new control tower and ancillary buildings, and a new air traffic control tower.

The project is a major infrastructure project in Sri Lanka, aimed at improving the country's aviation infrastructure and increasing its capacity to handle international flights. The new terminal building will provide a more comfortable and efficient experience for passengers, while the new cargo terminal building will increase the airport's capacity to handle international cargo. The new control tower and ancillary buildings will improve the airport's operational efficiency and safety.

THE PROJECT: 2013-2015



### EXTENSION OF CHEDDI JAGAN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, GUYANA

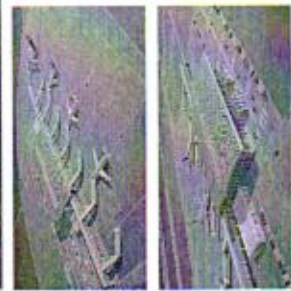
THE CLIENT: Ministry of Public Works and Communications

DATE OF COMPLETION: 2015

MAIN WORKS: The project includes the construction of a new terminal building, a new passenger terminal building, a new cargo terminal building, a new control tower and ancillary buildings, and a new air traffic control tower.

The project is a major infrastructure project in Guyana, aimed at improving the country's aviation infrastructure and increasing its capacity to handle international flights. The new terminal building will provide a more comfortable and efficient experience for passengers, while the new cargo terminal building will increase the airport's capacity to handle international cargo. The new control tower and ancillary buildings will improve the airport's operational efficiency and safety.

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STATE OF CONNECTICUT: 31 Mar 2017

流局已力设计, 更晚。施工总承包项目, 主要包给机械租赁, 材料, 运输, 装卸, 土, 水及电, 机械和电费等。而房屋, 供水, 供热, 供气, 以及其它配套设施工程。

**THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO**

1998





[illegible]

SYNTHETIC CRYSTALLINE POLYIMIDES. I. I. KAY, R. J. WILSON, and J. H. KIM, *Chemical Development Department, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, Inc., P. O. Box 114, Newark, Delaware 19101*

THE CLIENT-SIDE STRATEGIC APPROACH FOR CREATING EXCELLENCE

100

100

laser, 100% and 40% in bridge, leader, conveyor, and rotary buildings, control buildings, and 100% in the main building. The system is also used for lighting, lighting, lighting, and lighting, as well as lighting & lighting.

个直径28m、高4.6m的钢筋混凝土双壳筒形结构。筒壁由钢板、防火保温等三层材料组成。筒内设有螺旋楼梯、电梯、通风系统、照明、消防设备等。





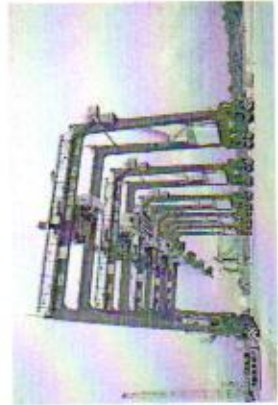
成套设备 COMPLETE PLANT  
CHINA HARBOR ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. <http://www.china-harbor.com>

THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE RIBBON CONVEYOR



PORT MACHINERY OF THE KIRIBI DEEP SEA PORT, CAMEROON  
为喀麦隆的基里比深水港提供港口机械

THE CLIENT is the Ministry of the Economy Planning and Regional Development, Republic of Cameroon  
MAIN WORKS: 1. The mechanical system includes the loading, unloading, sorting, and conveying of goods, 2. The mechanical system includes the loading, unloading, sorting, and conveying of goods, 3. The mechanical system includes the loading, unloading, sorting, and conveying of goods.



SEMI-SUBMERSIBLE LOADING PLATFORM FOR CANADA  
为加拿大提供半潜式装卸平台



THE TOTALLY SEALED TUBE RUBBER-BELT CONVEYOR WITH THE LENGTH OF 4.2KM IS THE LONGEST OF ITS KIND IN ASIA TODAY.  
中国最大的全封闭式橡胶带输送机，全长4.2公里。

7.5 MILLION TON CORE HANDLING PLANT FOR THE HAN JIANG CORE TERMINAL OF TIANJIN PORT AUTHORITY  
天津港汉沽核心区750万吨核心处理站

DALIAN WELANG GRAIN SILOS WITH A STORAGE CAPACITY OF 384,000 TONS, CONSISTING OF 128 SILOS OF HEIGHT 65M, WALL THICKNESS 22CM AND INTERNAL DIAMETER 17M.  
大连 Welang 粮仓，容量 38.4 万吨，由 128 个 65 米高、壁厚 22 厘米、内径 17 米的筒仓组成。



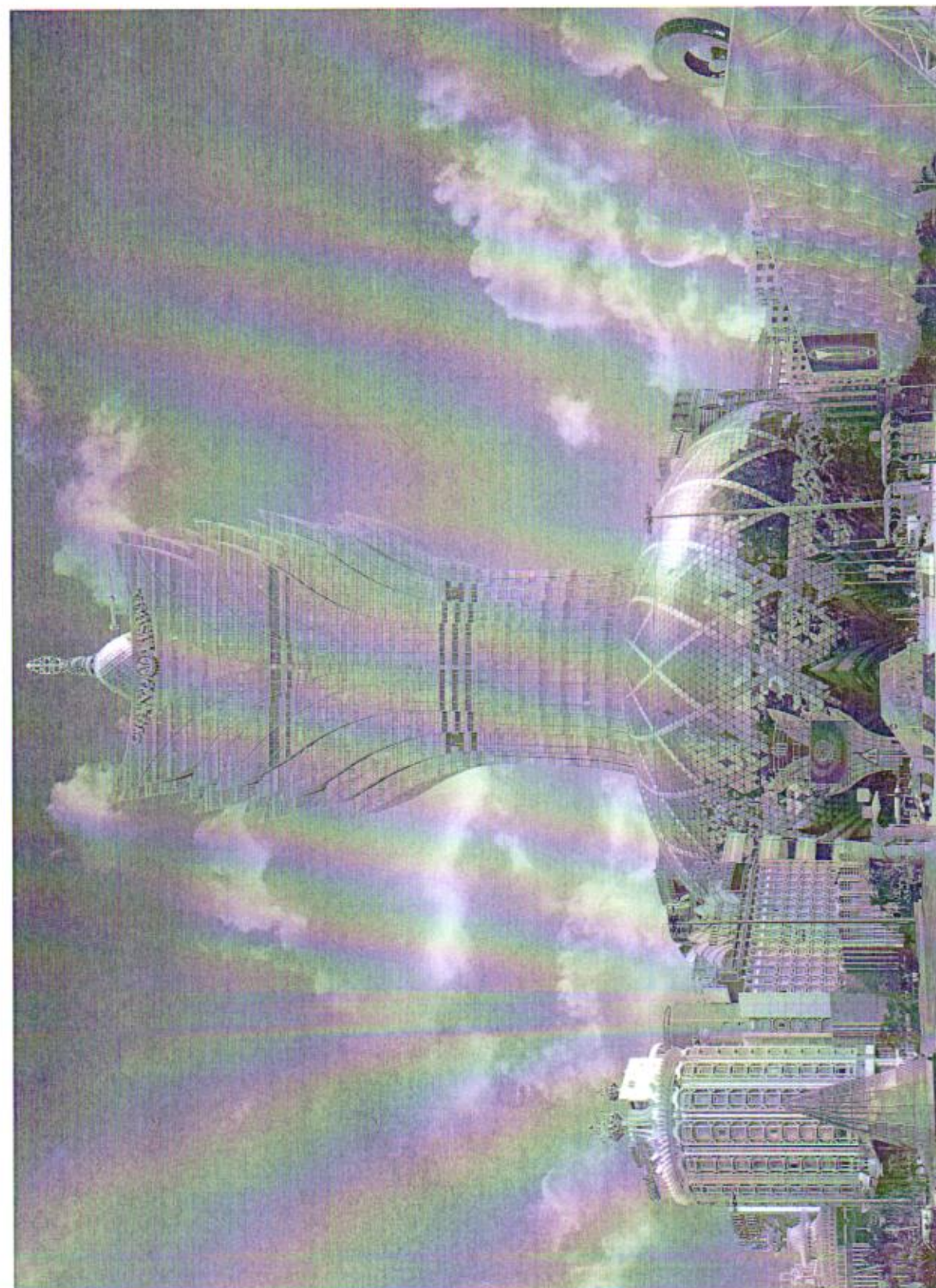
MAHINDRA RAJAPAKSA INTERNATIONAL CRICKET STADIUM, SRI LANKA

**THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS**

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with a 100% success rate. The authors also found that the use of a 100% success rate was associated with a higher rate of patient satisfaction.





GRAND LISBOA HOTEL, MACAU

中国澳门金沙大酒店

DATE OF COMPLETION: 竣工日期: Dec., 2008

MAIN WORKS: 工程概况: 228m high, 44-floor hotel situated in the center of Macau, with a floor area of 12,000m<sup>2</sup>. Since the completion of the hotel by the end of 2008, it is a landmark building in Macau.

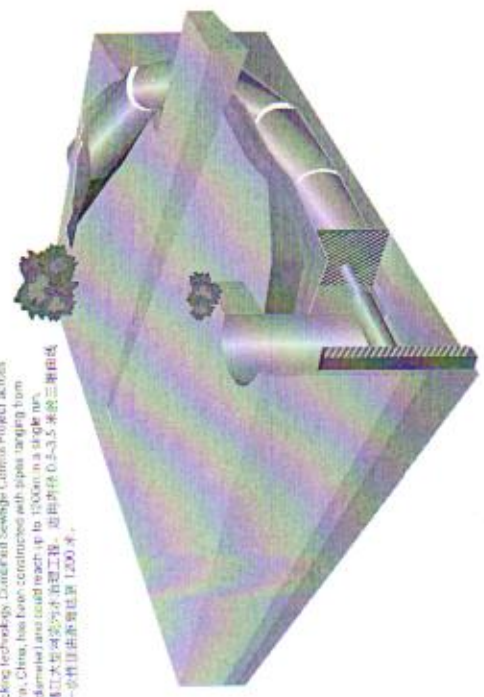
该酒店为澳门的标志性工程，其塔楼总高度为228米，共44层，总建筑面积达12000平方米。竣工日期为2008年底完成。该酒店位于澳门市中心，是澳门的标志性建筑。



# 其它工程 OTHER WORKS

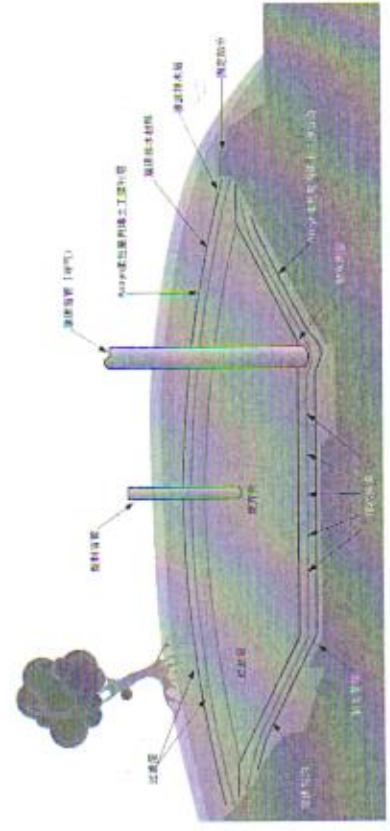
CHINA HONGKONG ENGINEERING COMPANY LTD. 中国香港工程有限公司

Using 3D curve laser tracking technology, Constructed Sewerage Collection Project across Hangzhou Bay, Shanghai, China, has been completed with pipes ranging from 0.5m to 1.5m internal diameter and total length up to 150km in a single run.  
中国上海湾收集项目大型管架安装工程，总长度达0.5-1.5米，共三管由线（管架）工程，总长度达150公里。



## STREAM POLLUTION TREATMENT

**MAIN WORKS IN IT**  
Pre-treatment of sewage effluent is critical. As Hong Kong government pledged to achieve waterway pollution, C+E collaborated with Organic Waste Technology (an American company) in 2001, making great contribution to Hong Kong government's bioremediation of Shing Mun River and received a contract for further regeneration of the river.  
有机废物处理工程在初期发展，已对河流造成严重污染，此项目为政府提供生物修复工程合约，帮助政府实现水污染生物修复工程。  
美国的 C+E 技术公司，于 2001 年提供有机废物处理工程合约，帮助政府实现水污染生物修复工程。



## LANDFILL GAS TREATMENT

**MAIN WORKS IN IT**  
Landfill gas collection and handling systems, gas collection network, and environmental monitoring systems, C+E served landfill gas into site of advanced, among which has been used for vegetation of sewage deriving from the process and generation of electric power.  
中国香港设计和建造了填埋气体的收集和处理系统，填埋气体收集系统，并进行了环境检测（见图）。  
中国香港填埋场收集生成气体用于多种非传统式利用，例如用于发电、种植等。









Journal of Management Education 34(1) 1-17

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57 1 6028024  
[sales@cinwa.com](mailto:sales@cinwa.com)

加和利士：巴巴多斯，曼恩投資股份有限公司  
CARBEAN (BARBADOS) INVESTMENT INFRASTRUCTURE  
COMPANY (SPV)  
Cherry House, High Street, Bridgetown, St. Michael, Barbados

中国神州控股有限公司  
CHINA HOLDING EQUITY CORPORATION  
Suite 110, Second Floor, Jack & Jill Building, 18 Fort Street, P.O. Box 138  
George Town, Grand Cayman KY-1100, Cayman Islands  
cyril@chec.hk



# CAPABILITY STATEMENT ON OIL&GAS / LNG / PORTS AND ENERGY

by

**RAMBOLL and SOFREGAZ**



## RAMBOLL

- ENGINEERING OF LNG IMPORT AND REGASIFICATION TERMINALS
- SELECTED REFERENCES ON LNG PROJECTS
- ENERGY AND POWER TRANSMISSION
- HYDRAULIC AND COASTAL ENGINEERING

## SOFREGAZ

- REFERENCES IN LNG TERMINALS



RAMBOLL

# ENGINEERING OF LNG IMPORT AND REGASIFICATION TERMINALS







## MULTIDISCIPLINARY CONSULTANCY FOR LNG PROJECTS

### RAMBOLL PROVIDES INDEPENDENT ENGINEERING CONSULTANCY SERVICES ON LNG PROJECTS WORLDWIDE

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) is one of the fastest growing means of transporting natural gas. LNG allows suppliers of natural gas to meet distant demands in a cost-effective manner.

LNG projects call for large investments and specialised knowledge. Therefore the right consultancy is a decisive factor for a successful LNG project. At Ramboll we have experience with managing large-scale projects in both the planning and construction phases.

#### LNG value chain

We provide professional and independent consultancy services in all areas of LNG. Our multidisciplinary approach enables us to provide all-inclusive consultancy services.

Our services cover the entire LNG value chain from gas produced from the field to gas conditioning, LNG storage, LNG transport, LNG re-gasification, gas transmission systems and underground gas storage services.

#### Market and economic studies

Ramboll has an extensive track record in market and economic studies for the oil and gas industry. Our studies provide facility owners, investors and other stakeholders with the necessary basis for making the right decision.

#### Site selection and environmental assessments

Selection of the optimal site for an LNG terminal should be based on the interface with existing facilities, existing gas transmission infrastructure, risk assessment and environmental impact analysis.

Ramboll has extensive experience with conducting infrastructure, risk and environmental assessments in relation to all kinds of onshore and offshore oil and gas projects.

#### Process and mechanical engineering

Ramboll's core competencies within new LNG projects include all services from initial early-phase studies through concept development to detailed design and implementation of projects.

LNG projects are sensitive to decisions made early in the process.

Not all technologies are suitable for all climates, some technologies are motion sensitive and typically there are significant differences in the heat efficiency. The liquefaction and re-gasification processes require significant amounts of energy, and the differences in energy consumption between different technologies have a great impact on the overall profitability of the facilities.

Ramboll is one of few independent engineering consultancies that is competent to access the priority design of others, and we are accustomed to evaluate different technologies and life cycle costs in the early phases of LNG projects.

The processes set high demands for facilities, equipment and choice of materials. Ramboll offers consultancy on both the liquefaction and re-gasification phases.

#### Selecting types of LNG facilities

LNG can be liquefied onshore or offshore. It can be stored and re-gasified offshore on FSRUs (Floating Storage and Re-gasification Units), SRVs (Storage

#### SELECTED LNG REFERENCES

- Feasibility study, site selection analysis and concept definition for LNG import and re-gasification facilities, Finland
- Feasibility study, risk assessment and site selection for LNG import and re-gasification facilities, Estonia
- Detailed design and structural analysis of LNG tanks, China
- Svalbard onshore LNG plant on Melkøya, Norway
- Engineering and construction consultancy for Borås gas filling station and LNG storage, Sweden
- BIMEC compliance and identification of technical, economic and political pros and cons of the Paldiski LNG project, compared to other LNG projects, Estonia
- Baltic energy market interconnection plan, Baltic Sea Region
- Feasibility study for LNG filling station infrastructure, Denmark
- Road map for LNG import facility, Lithuania
- Project execution review for LNG project, Poland
- LNG import terminal, Nynäshamn, Sweden



and Re-gasification Vessels) or in settings where, for example, the LNG is stored on 2nd hand vessels combined with onshore re-gasification facilities. This is also a robust concept to keep initial investments down.

#### Civil engineering

Ramboll is one of the largest companies in Europe within civil engineering, geophysical analysis, geotechnical engineering and foundation design and we hold vast experience in steel and concrete structures.

With a multidisciplinary approach, we handle all civil engineering aspects of an LNG project from planning, initial investigation, design and tender, to implementation, inspection and supervision.

#### Ports and marine engineering

Most LNG facilities will be placed in connection with jetties or existing port facilities. Ramboll is an independent and leading provider of professional expertise across the spectrum of port planning and engineering, coastal engineering and engineering of marine structures.

#### LNG storage tanks

Ramboll provides services within this specific field of engineering from preliminary design and FEED to detailed design of the pre-stressed concrete outer containment tanks for LNG storage. We carry out advanced analyses, civil design work and geotechnical design work, and we have experience with the relevant design codes and material requirements associated with LNG storage tanks.

#### Risk and safety

Safety is a key concern on all onshore and offshore installations. Management of risk and safety is an integral part of our LNG service portfolio as well as independent third party reviews of projects and installations.

#### Our LNG services

Ramboll offers engineering, market analyses and management services in different project roles to support all phases of LNG projects:

- Feasibility studies (incl. market analysis)
- Economic and financial studies
- Conceptual engineering and selection

- FEED (Incl. specification of long lead items)
- Detailed design and procurement
- Construction and commissioning management
- Operations support
- Coordination with authorities
- Environmental impact assessments (EIA)
- Qualification of vendors and drafting of execution contracts
- Owner's representative during detailed design and construction

#### Contact

Per Jørgensen  
Business Development Director  
Ramboll Oil & Gas, Denmark  
pej@ramboll.com



#### PICTURES

Front page: LNG terminal at Melkøy, Norway. Picture courtesy Statoil

This page: LNG terminals and LNG carriers



# Gasum

To whom it may concern

## Finngulf LNG project - Services provided by Ramboll

Since 2008 Ramboll was working as a main consultant in close cooperation with Gasum in its strive to establish an LNG import terminal in Finland. The work was concluded late 2013.

Ramboll undertook a number of tasks in this respect:

- Investigation of suitable geographical locations along the south coast of Finland, including screening of environmental and land use planning issues
- Investigation of suitable state-of-the-art technologies to transfer and store LNG - both offshore and onshore
- Investigation of cryogenic pipelines for transport of LNG
- Site investigations of most relevant location options, including bathymetric offshore surveys, soils investigations and laboratory works
- Preparation of layouts for onshore and marine facilities
- Preparation of photo realistic visualisations of plant and facilities
- Preliminary design of LNG regasification facilities
- Preliminary risk analyses, incl. review of required safety distances
- Evaluation of marine fairways and navigational issues, a/o navigation in icy waters
- Evaluation of aspects related to land use planning
- Preparation of EIA programme for on- and offshore storage and regasification of LNG, including a staged development thereof and considering alternative geographical locations
- Participation in meetings with authorities and landowners, other stakeholders and vendors
- Preparation of development plans and time schedules
- Preparation of cost estimates for capital investments and operation
- Review of engineering tasks prepared by other consultants
- General project management assistance

Espoo, January 26<sup>th</sup>, 2015

Gasum Oy

/4<-.

Time Kallio

Project Director

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Finland

Tel +358 20 4471  
Business ID 0869819-3  
www.gasum.fi

Electronic invoicing address:  
Gasum Oy  
EDI code 003709698193  
Operator 003714377140

Invoice:  
Gasum Oy  
EDI code 003709698193  
P.O.Box 5392, FI- 70701 Kuopio  
Finland



## KLAIPEDA LNG - ROAD MAP

As preparation for the planning, design and construction of a LNG import facility in the port of Klaipeda, Ramboll established a road map describing the process and necessary steps.

The services included cost estimates and time estimates, including identification of critical paths for completion within the given time frame. In addition, different LNG import concepts (i.e. FRU, FSRU or onshore solution) and locations were identified, described and assessed. Finally, capacity considerations regarding the existing connecting gas grid and compliance with European regulation on security of supply was performed.

### Value added for the customer

Ramboll assessed a number of previously prepared concept alternatives for import of LNG, reviewed the Klaipeda harbour location and vicinity, and derived a project proposal based on the use of floating storage and regasification of LNG. The work was concluded with the elaboration of a road map for its implementation.

The deliverables by Ramboll for used by the Client as basis for tendering the engineering of the terminal.

### CUSTOMER

Klaipėdos Nafta AB

### LOCATION

Klaipeda

### PROJECT COUNTRIES

Lithuania

### PERIOD

2010-2011

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Planning, cost and time estimates, location and technical assessment

### IMAGE

Port of Klaipeda





## GULFHAVN OIL TERMINAL LNG - TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY STUDY

The Inter Terminals business is one of the largest independent bulk liquid storage providers in northern Europe, and the largest in Scandinavia, with more than 4.25 million cubic metres of storage capacity (approximately 27 million barrels) located across sixteen terminals.

The terminals in Denmark and Sweden are located along the Baltic Sea and Danish Straits, a major petroleum trade route. The facilities function as a strategic storage and blending hub for the transshipment of petroleum products as well as an inland distribution hub for retail petroleum and petrochemical products.

In Denmark, Inter Terminals operates deep draft coastal terminals at Asnæs, Ensted, Stigsnæs and Gulfhavn.

Inter Terminals' Gulfhavn Oil Terminal (GOT) is well located at the deep draft petroleum trade route at the shore of the Great Belt in Denmark.

### Background

The MARPOL ('Marine Pollution') Convention of 1973 with later modified Protocol of 1978 "set limits on SOx and NOx emissions from ship exhausts and prohibit deliberate emissions of ozone-depleting substances." The Protocol came into effect in 2005 and a/o the Baltic Sea and the North Sea were identified as Sulphur Emission Control Areas

### CUSTOMER

Inter Terminals SGOT ApS

### LOCATION

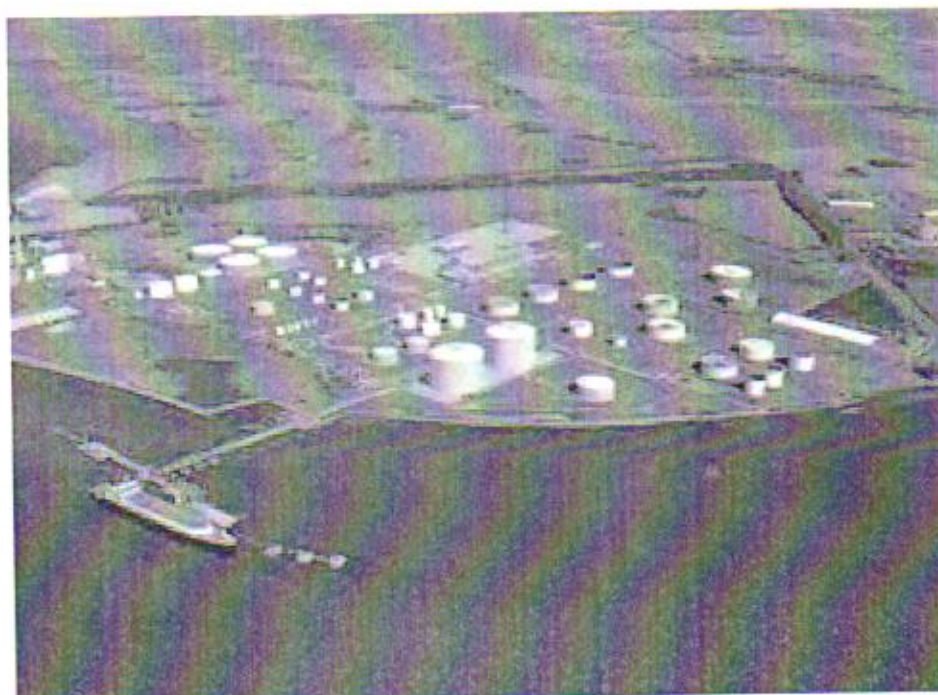
Skælskør, Denmark

### PERIOD

2014

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Engineering: process, piping, mechanical, layout, E&IT, risk and environment and authorities.





(SECAs) or Emission Control Areas (ECAs) in which stricter controls for airborne emissions from ships were established.

To meet the requirement for an alternative fuel to heavy fuel oil for bunkering, a number of LNG terminals are now being planned and under construction in the Baltic Sea area. The terminals will likewise ensure security of the general gas supply and thus diversify sourcing of natural gas.

Ramboll was engaged to evaluate the technical feasibility of developing a:

- i. Large scale LNG storage and regasification plant and an
- ii. LNG bunkering terminal

at the Guldhavn Oil Terminal in Denmark.

The study comprised development of technically feasible concepts for each of the terminals together with cost estimates and time frame for implementation of the concepts.

#### **LNG Bunkering terminal**

The LNG Bunkering terminal at GOT will receive LNG from smaller LNG bunker ships, and store it at the terminal's onshore LNG storage facilities. The LNG will be exported from the LNG terminal by either LNG road tankers or LNG export barges. The LNG Bunkering terminal will have a storage capacity of approximately 22,000 m<sup>3</sup> of LNG.

#### **Large scale LNG storage and regasification terminal**

The LNG regasification terminal at GOT will receive LNG by large LNG carriers and store it at the terminal in two large onshore LNG storage tanks. The LNG will then be regasified in vaporizers and exported to the Danish gas transmission net and to gas storage facilities. The study

included a pipeline connection from the LNG terminal to the transmission net.

#### **Ramboll's feasibility study**

The technical aspects of both the LNG Bunkering and the large-scale LNG regasification terminal are assessed, including: process simulations for equipment sizing and heating/power requirements as a basis for the Mechanical Equipment List, as well as choice of regasification technology (for the large-scale terminal). This forms the technical basis for the cost estimate of the terminal.

In addition, the most feasible layout for each of the terminal concepts were proposed and illustrated with a 3D visualization of the terminals. The project included an overall evaluation of required marine facilities/structures and an environmental screening study.

#### **Next steps**

Inter terminals is, upon completion of the Technical Feasibility studies, proceeding with preparations for start of the Environmental Impact Assessment process for the LNG Bunkering terminal.



## FINLAND - NEW LNG TERMINAL FOR GASUM PROJECT MANAGEMENT

**Land-use planning and preliminary environmental impact and risk assessment of LNG import terminal in Finland**

Ramboll was selected as project management consultant to assist Gasum in developing an LNG import facility on the south coast of Finland. The initial key tasks were to develop a project plan and to focus on critical tasks for the project, a/o to arrange an amendment of the current land-use plan and to draft a programme for the environmental impact and risk assessment. Concurrently, Ramboll continued developing the concept for the LNG import terminal.

### **Value added for the customer**

Ramboll's services were directed towards drafting a strategy and road map for the development of the Finnish LNG import terminal. Environmental and Social Impact

Assessments were identified as being on the critical path, as well as further development of the project concept itself. These activities were put in action.

### **CUSTOMER**

GASUM OY

### **LOCATION**

Gulf of Finland

### **PROJECT COUNTRIES**

Finland

### **PERIOD**

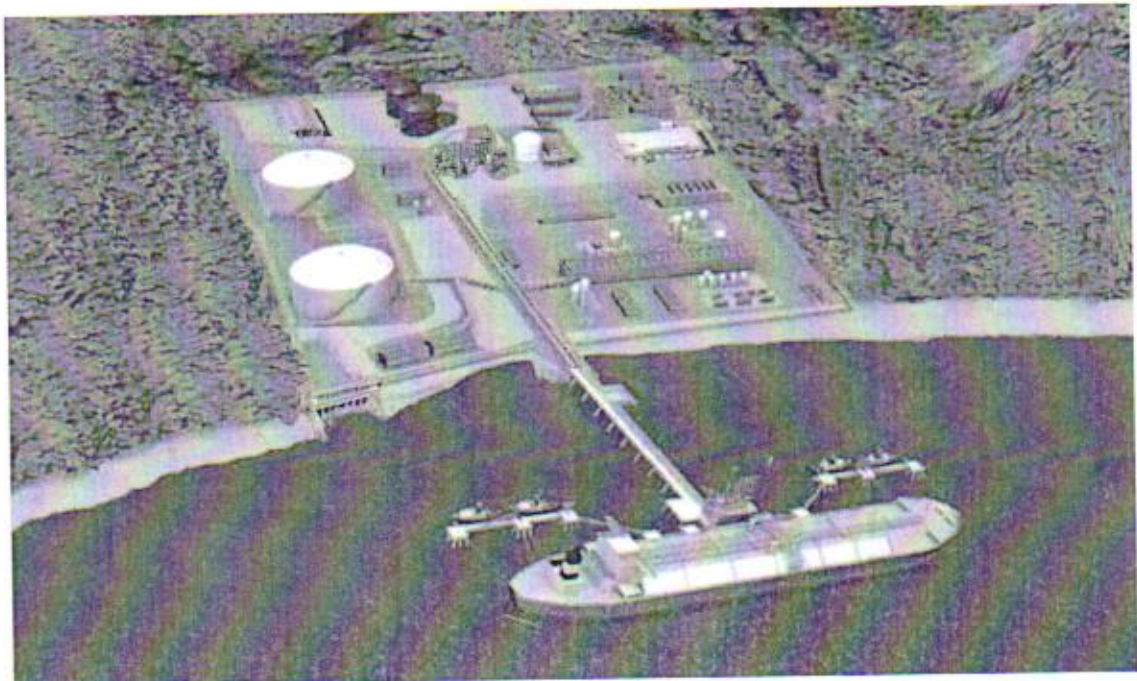
2010-2011

### **SERVICES PROVIDED**

Technical feasibility

### **IMAGE**

Generic LNG import terminal





## FINLAND - LNG IMPORT AND REGASIFICATION FACILITY FEASIBILITY STUDY

The project concerned a feasibility study to investigate the possibilities to construct an import and re-gasification plant in Finland.

The study involved investigation into novel onshore and offshore techniques for offloading and re-gasification of LNG with special consideration to navigating in the narrow Finnish archipelago and to the often cold climate.

Ramboll investigated a wide spectrum of technologies yielding a variety of output capacities, alternative solutions for storage of cryogenic LNG onshore or offshore, and possibilities for connecting onto the existing natural gas transmission system.

**CUSTOMER**

Gasum Oy

**LOCATION**

Finland

**PROJECT COUNTRIES**

Finland

**PERIOD**

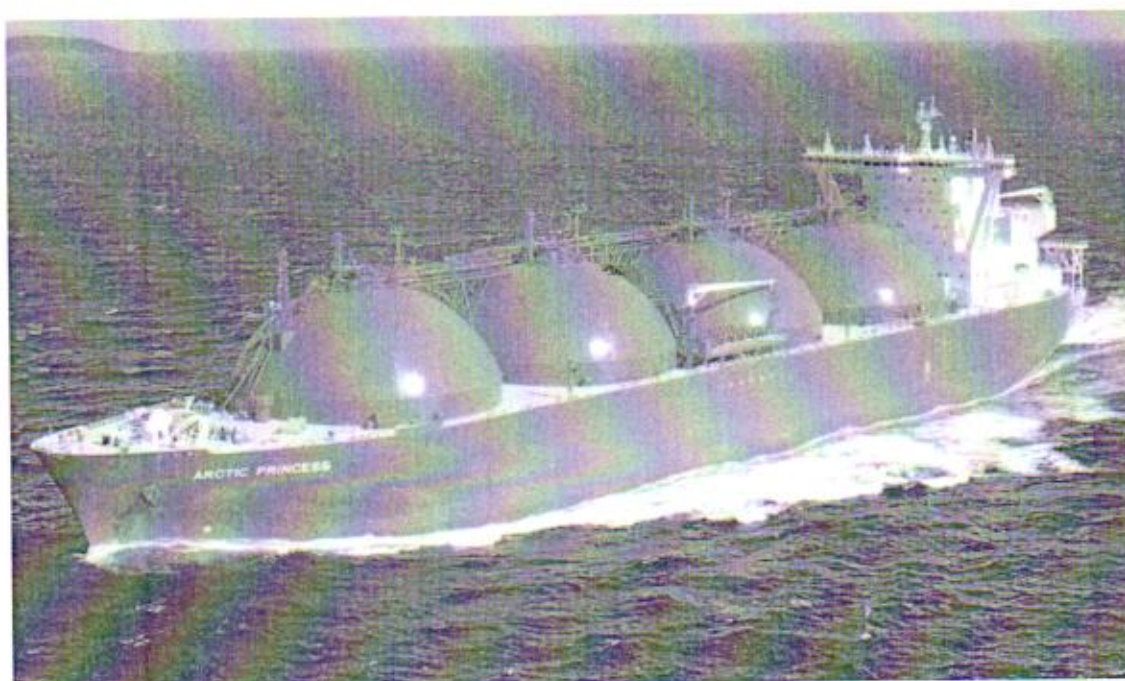
2008-2009

**SERVICES PROVIDED**

Feasibility study - novel technical solutions or import of LNG

**IMAGE**

LNG tanker





## GÄVLE LNG – CONCEPT STUDY

In Sweden, Swedegas owns and operates a gas network extending from Dragör in the south to Stenungsund in the north. Each year Swedegas supplies energy equivalent to about 15 TWh to distributors and directly connected customers. The gas grid services 33 municipalities, several power plants and industries using natural gas. Fleet owners and 34000 households are likewise users of natural gas.

### Background

An LNG terminal outside Gävle would be strategically located in the centre of a number of major steel industries in the area north of Stockholm, bounded by Avesta in the south, in the west Falun and Sundsvall in the north.

These industries consume a total of 2 TWh of oil and LPG in their processes annually. These industries would form the backbone of an LNG terminal in Gävle by converting their processes to utilize LNG as a fuel.

In addition, new strict emission standards on ships in the Baltic Sea opened up possibilities for the establishment of small scale LNG plants in a number of ports.

Ramboll carried out a baseline study to evaluate the technical feasibility of the development of a combined small-scale LNG storage and regasification plant and an LNG bunker terminal in Norrsundet outside Gävle in mid Sweden.

### CUSTOMER

Swedegas  
Jesper Engstrand  
+46 31 43 93 56  
jesper.engstrand@swedegas.se

### LOCATION

Norrsundet, Sweden

### PERIOD

2014 - (ongoing)

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Engineering: Design (process, piping, mechanical and layout), Cost estimation, Risk evaluation and Authority Approvals.





The study involved the development of technically feasible concepts along with the cost and time frame for the development of terminal concepts.

#### **LNG terminal**

The LNG bunker terminal at Norrsundet would receive LNG by sea delivered by smaller LNG bunker vessels and towed LNG barges. The LNG would be stored at the site in anchored LNG barges and/or at the onshore facility in a cryogenic tank. LNG will be exported from the LNG terminal either by LNG tanker trucks or rail wagons, or it will be regasified and exported via the gas transmission grid. The terminal will have a storage capacity of approximately 14,000 m<sup>3</sup> of LNG (5,000 m<sup>3</sup> in the onshore LNG storage tank and 7800 m<sup>3</sup> in the anchored LNG barge).

#### **Ramboll's feasibility study**

The technical aspects of the LNG terminal were evaluated, including: process simulations for the design of equipment and heating / power requirements as the basis for the MEL (Mechanical Equipment List), as well as the choice of gasification technology. This formed the technical basis for estimation of cost of the terminal.

The project included a comprehensive evaluation of the necessary marine facilities and structures.

Furthermore, Ramboll carried out risk analyses (risk identification and consequence modelling) to optimize layout and design, as well as prepared a basis for initial contacts to regulatory authorities.

Ramboll concluded the work by recommending a most feasible concept and layout.

#### **Next step**

After the completion of the technical feasibility study, Swedegas continues with work on the EIA for the LNG terminal and by preparing for a regulatory approval.



## LNG TERMINAL, NYNÄSHAMN

AGA Gas has established the first LNG plant in Sweden in Nynäshamn, the establishment is located at the northernmost part of the island Brunsviksholmen, outside the Nynäs refinery.

The plant receives vessels with LNG, which is transhipped to trucks. The Nynäs refinery uses gas for hydrogen production. Moreover, Gotland ferries operate on natural gas.

The project included building a 20000 m<sup>3</sup> LNG storage tank that is about 36 m in diameter and 29 m high, service facilities, a bridge between the mainland and Brunsviksholmen, and a new road from the Norvik Road to the bridge.

The road passes the Nynäs lagoon, which is behind an embankment bordering the sea.

**CUSTOMER**  
AGA GAS AB

**LOCATION**  
NYNÄSHAMN

**PROJECT COUNTRIES**  
Sweden

**PERIOD**  
2008-2011

**SERVICES PROVIDED**  
Assistant project management, Site management, Qualification of office manager of pbl.

**IMAGE**  
Nynäshamn LNG plant - Sweden





## HIRTSHALS LNG – ENVIRONMENTAL APPROVALS

On the occasion of the new strict emission requirements that came into force in 2015 on emissions from ships in the Baltic Sea, the shipping company Fjord Line considered installation of the necessary treatment facilities for HFO, or using alternative fuels, in their fleet of vessels.

The EU and the environmental authorities of Denmark have pointed to the LNG as a possible alternative fuel.

Fjord Line decided to establish a small-scale LNG bunker terminal of approximately 500 m<sup>3</sup> to serve their two new passenger ferries sailing from the port of Hirtshals in Denmark to various destinations in Norway. These will be powered by LNG.

### Regulatory Approvals

Ramboll assisted Fjord Line through the process of obtaining regulatory approvals and prepared an Environmental Impact Assessment including a safety report.

As part of the latter, a comprehensive risk analysis (impact modelling) was made to optimize the design, ensuring that the risks associated with the boarding of passenger ferries and terminal building would be acceptable.

### Next step

Fjord Line has installed the LNG bunker terminal and has obtained final governmental approval. The company is now considering opportunities for bunkering of other vessels in cooperation with the port of Hirtshals.

### CUSTOMER

Fjord Line Denmark A/S  
Morten Larsen  
+46 31 43 93 56  
[morten.larsen@fjordline.com](mailto:morten.larsen@fjordline.com)

### LOCATION

Hirtshals, Denmark

### PERIOD

2012 - (ongoing)

### PROJEC MANAGER

Claus Fischer Jensen

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Engineering, Risk analyses,  
Environmental and Authorities  
Engineering.



## LNG TANK, PORTUGAL

As part of the upgrade to an existing LNG terminal in Portugal Gifford were appointed to carry out the detailed design the outer concrete containment for a new 150,000m<sup>3</sup> LNG tank. The work is being carried out in partnership with the tank designer Technodyne International Ltd.

The outer containment tank is constructed of pre-stressed concrete walls 0.75m thick sat atop a reinforced concrete foundation raft which is 1.50m thick for a 10m section around its periphery and 1.00m thick in its central section. This unusually thick raft is due to the 1 in 10,000 year Safe Shut Down Earthquake (SSE) that the tank had to be designed for. The

tank is among the first in the world to be designed fully incorporating the requirements of the new Eurocodes. This included the requirement within the French EN14620 that the outer containment is designed to resist a major spill 'avec' an Operating Basis Earthquake (OBE). Under this case the outer containment has over 33 metres of -162oC LNG against it and then is subjected to a 30 second 1 in 500 year seismic event. This required materially non linear transient analysis of the outer containment to ensure that the tank not only survived but also remained liquid tight.

### CUSTOMER

Technodyne International Ltd

### LOCATION

Portugal

### PROJECT COUNTRIES

Portugal

### PERIOD

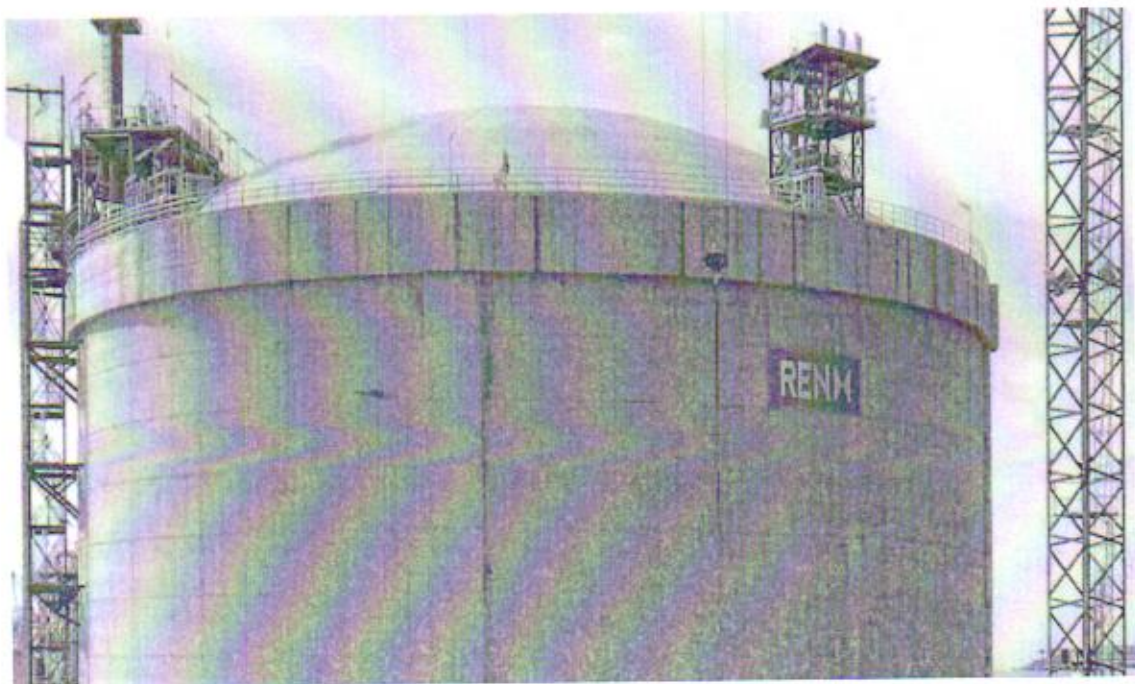
2008-2012

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Power

### IMAGE

LNG Tank in Portugal





## POLSKIE LNG PROJECT REVIEW OF PROJECT PROGRESS

### Conducting a project review of the general state of an LNG project and its progress

During late 2011 Ramboll conducted a project review/audit of the Polskie LNG project with the intent to clarify an apparent lack of progress on the construction site in Świnoujście.

The project concept was developed by Canadian engineering company SNC-Lavalin Services. The works on the LNG project were carried out as an EPC-LSTK contract by a consortium under the leadership of Saipem s.p.a. in joint venture with Techint, PBG SA and PBG Export, and under the control of investor's supervisory consultant,

WS Atkins - Polska Sp. z o.o.

The contract was signed mid-2010 and first shipment of LNG is scheduled for 2014. The construction work was experiencing serious lack of progress compared to the original plan, and Ramboll was authorised by the investor to identify reasons why and to recommend solutions to overcome these difficulties.

**Value added for the customer**  
The audit report prepared by Ramboll will form a valuable input to the client in his attempt to streamlining the managerial procedures on the construction site in Świnoujście.

#### CUSTOMER

Ramboll Polska Sp. Z.o.o.

#### LOCATION

Świnoujście

#### PROJECT COUNTRIES

Poland

#### PERIOD

2011-2012

#### SERVICES PROVIDED

Project execution review/audit

#### IMAGE

1st. LNG storage tank under construction



# RASGAS. UPGRADE OF LNG BERTH 2 FOR Q-FLEX

RasGas commissioned a Front End Engineering Design Study and a Detail Engineering Study to determine the modifications required to upgrade LNG Berth 2 at Port of Ras Laffan, Qatar so that berth facilities could accommodate Q-flex vessels with typical capacity of 217,000 m<sup>3</sup>. Existing design capacity was vessels up to 135,000 m<sup>3</sup> capacity.

Primary object of concern was no modification to existing topside equipment on loading platform and no interruption of normal operation.

Ramboll performed this engineering study involving all ship-to-shore connections:

- Loading Arms
- Access Gangway
- Quick Release Hooks
- Fender
- Mooring Dolphins
- Breasting Dolphins

**CUSTOMER**

RasGas / Chiyoda Almana Engineering

**LOCATION**

Port of Ras Laffan, Qatar

**PROJECT COUNTRY**

Qatar

**PERIOD**

2011-2013

**SERVICES PROVIDED**

Project involved marine design for all structural elements and a review of equipment in cooperation with vendors.

**IMAGE**

LNG Berth 2 - Loading Platform and Breasting Dolphins





# SKANGASS LNG BASE LOAD PLANT - RISAVIKA

## Skangass LNG base load plant – Risavika

The energy and power company Lyse in Stavanger, Norway, together with an investment company Celsius Invest AS established the company Skangass AS to build and operate an LNG facility in Risavika in Sola Municipality.

Lyse Neon (formerly Lyse Gas) operates the pipeline network Rogass supplying the Stavanger region and North-Jæren with natural gas from the Kårstø LNG facility.

**CUSTOMER**  
Lyse Infra AS

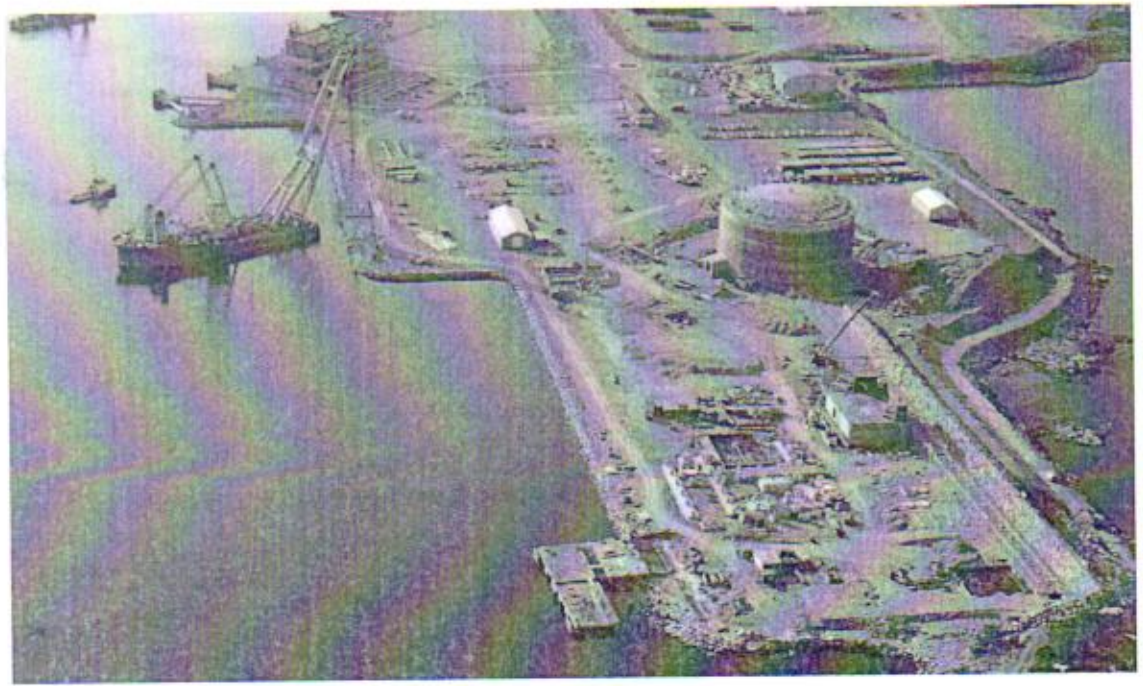
**LOCATION**  
Sola Municipality

**PROJECT COUNTRIES**  
Norway

**PERIOD**  
2007-2010

**SERVICES PROVIDED**  
Design coordination during the construction phase. Project Follow-up foundation and structural concrete work. Follow up on contractual matters.

**IMAGE**  
Skangass LNG base load plant - Risavika



## FULL CONTAINMENT LNG TANK DESIGN DAPENG, CHINA

Detailed design of a new 160,000m<sup>3</sup> LNG storage tank for an existing terminal in China

As part of the upgrade to an existing LNG receiving terminal in Dapeng, China, Ramboll were appointed to carry out the detailed design of the outer concrete containment for a new 160,000m<sup>3</sup> LNG tank. The work is being carried out in partnership with Technodyne International Ltd as part of a long term relationship delivering cryogenic storage projects in Europe and Asia.

Ramboll were involved in the early stages of the project providing geotechnical and structural support through the design and load testing of the foundations which are governed by seismic loading.

The tank is designed to the

Eurocodes, including EN14620. This requires detailed engineering analysis of a number of severe accident scenarios, including a 1 in 10,000 year earthquake, Cold Spill, and Vapour Cloud Explosion. These requirements are in addition to the in service conditions, where the LNG is kept at a constant temperature of -165°C. Work included geotechnical, structural, thermal and seismic analyses.

### CUSTOMER

Technodyne International Limited

### LOCATION

Dapeng

### PROJECT COUNTRIES

China

### PERIOD

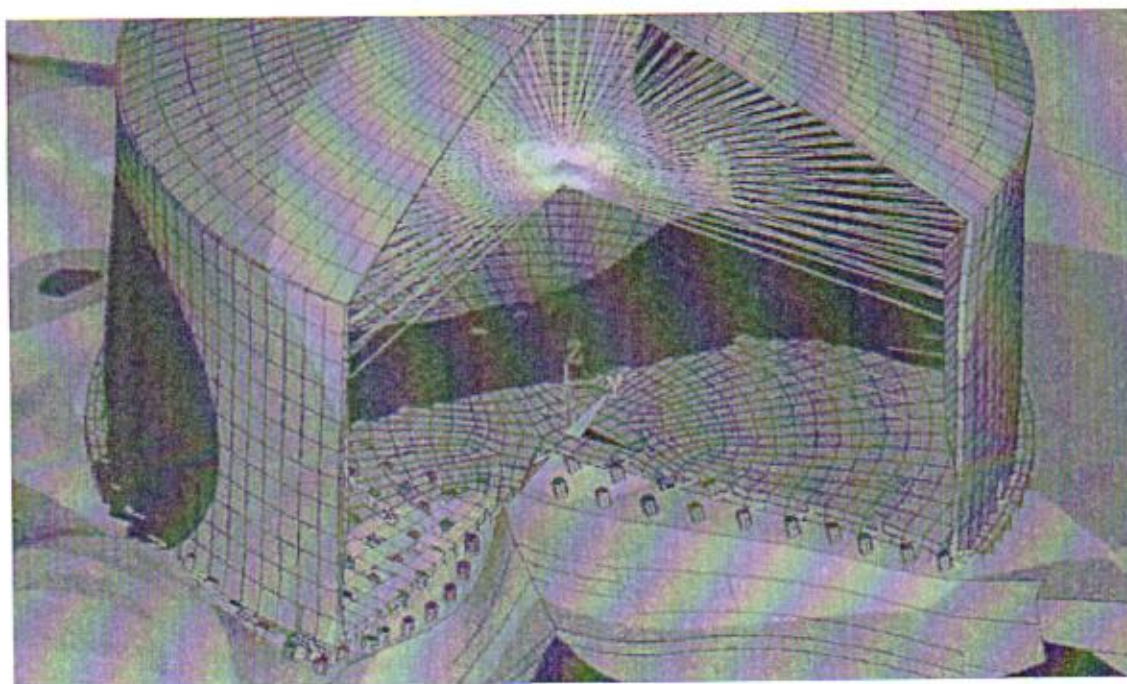
2012-2013

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Structural engineering, geotechnical design, seismic analysis, site support.

### IMAGE

Computational Analysis





## ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONALITIES AT LNG TERMINAL IN POLAND

### **Polskie LNG inquired companies about the possibility of expanding the LNG terminal's functionality**

Polskie LNG intended to analyse possible additional functionalities of the new Polish LNG import facility which they could offer to its future clients.

For this reason a special study was commissioned to PwC with Ramboll as technical advisor to provide answers to key questions about the directions for development of the infrastructure constructed in Świnoujście.

This study and its conclusions will provide a sound basis on which to facilitate the decision-making process regarding a possible expansion of the terminal's functionality.

**CUSTOMER**  
PwC Poland

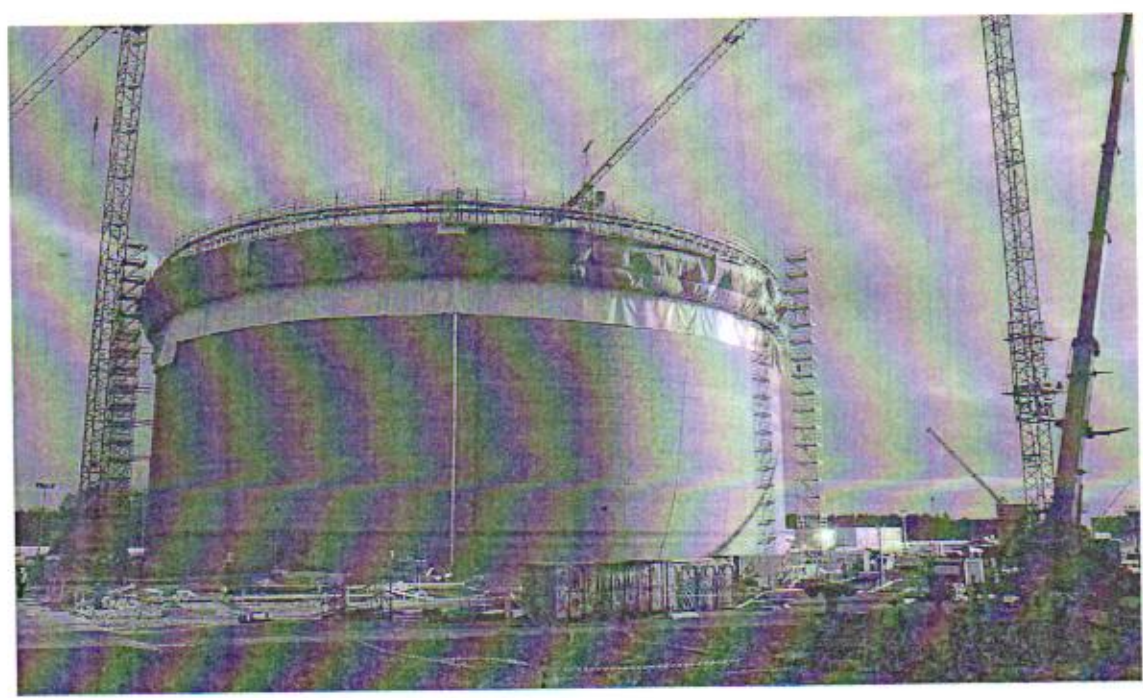
**LOCATION**  
Świnoujście

**PROJECT COUNTRIES**  
Poland

**PERIOD**  
2012

**SERVICES PROVIDED**  
Technical support

**IMAGE**  
Construction of one of two 160,000 m<sup>3</sup> LNG storage tanks



## FEASIBILITY STUDY AND COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS OF LNG

**Feasibility study and cost-benefit analysis of LNG bunkering infrastructure construction in the harbours of port of tallinn.**

Ramboll conducted a study wherein the feasibility of the construction of an LNG import terminal in Tallinn was investigated. The study included analysis of the potential bunkering demand for Tallinn harbor, the potential supply sources, the cost and the resulting financial feasibility of the terminal. The implications of the facility on security of supply in the Estonian and larger regional service area were also assessed.

### **Services provided**

Evaluation of the feasibility of an LNG re-gasification plant in Muuga Harbour, Tallinn. Conceptualisation of LNG terminal, cost estimations and market and financial analysis for terminal operations providing security of supply to Estonian and Finnish markets and allowing for commercial uses of LNG including use as a bunker fuel.

### **CUSTOMER**

Elering AS

### **LOCATION**

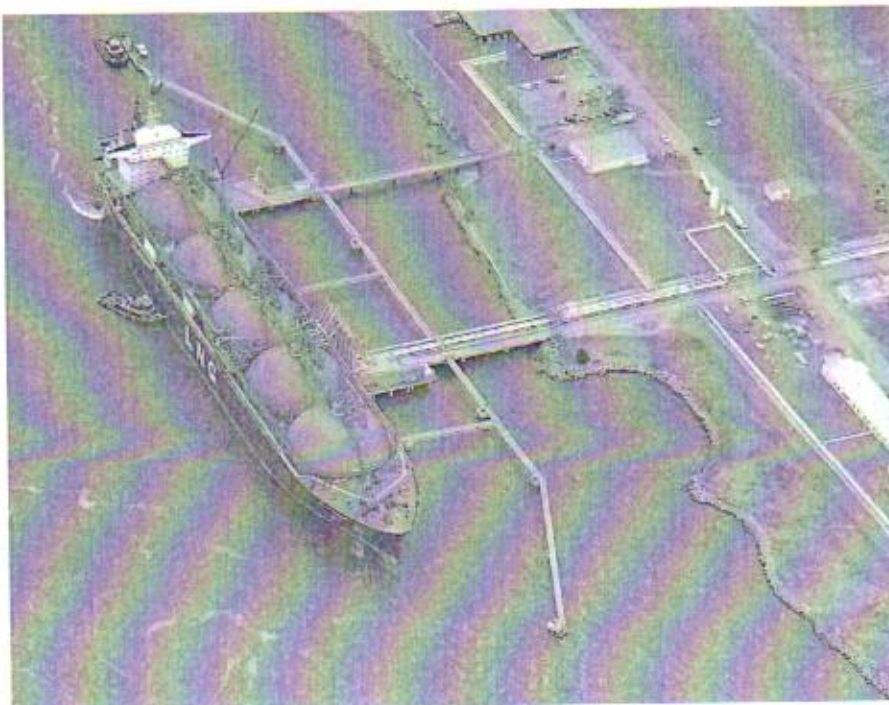
Tallinn

### **PROJECT COUNTRIES**

Estonia

### **PERIOD**

2012





## FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR AN LNG FILLING STATION INFRASTRUCTURE

The aim of the project was to set up recommendations on the establishment of a marine LNG infrastructure in Denmark and its implications on regulation, security of supply, grid operations etc.

The future emission constraints for the shipping industry provide incentives for adopting LNG in the shipping industry. Energinet.dk had been approached by many possible value chain participants regarding their potential involvement in setting up an infrastructure for the industry. The project addressed two main questions: 1. Who are the actors in the value chain and what is their future involvement in this sector? 2. What is the role of Energinet.dk and what

arguments exist for their involvement?

### Value added for the customer

In depth knowledge of the value chain, clarifications of possible involvement in the industry

### CUSTOMER

Energinet.dk

### LOCATION

Copenhagen Denmark

### PROJECT COUNTRIES

Denmark

### PERIOD

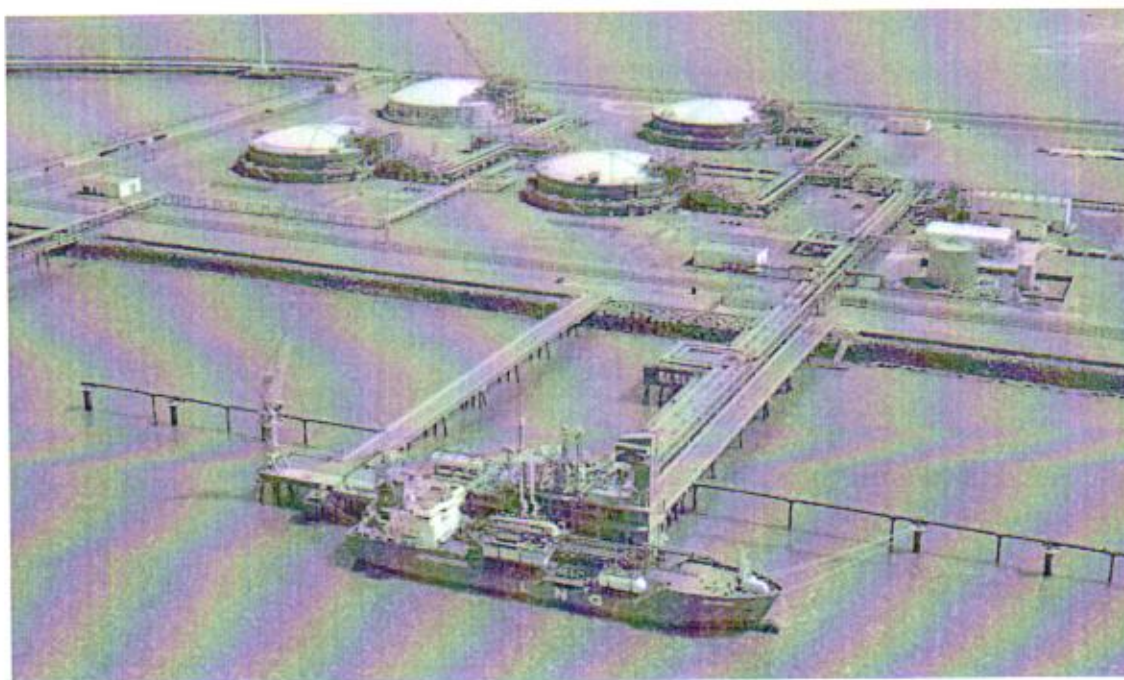
2011-2012

### SERVICES PROVIDED

Value chain analysis, commercial drivers, pros & cons of public sector involvement

### IMAGE

Coral Methane loading at Zeebrugge LNG terminal



# ESTONIA - ONSHORE LNG IMPORT TERMINAL PRE-FEASIBILITY STUDY

Preparing basis for security of national gas supply

The project concerned a pre-feasibility study for a proposed new LNG terminal for LNG Estonia Ltd. LNG Estonia is a new player on the Baltic gas market, owned by the Port of Tallinn and private investors. The LNG import facility is meant to provide security of natural gas supply to Estonia, but is also intended to become an important actor on the liberalised gas market in the region, including Finland and Latvia. The study was an extension of a preceding site investigation study, which was also conducted by Ramboll. Ramboll's study gives a general market overview as well as suggests a location for the plant on Muuga harbor (Tallinn) - possibly extending into the sea.

The study comprises:

- Techno-economical pre-feasibility study
- Preliminary process and layout study
- Preliminary environmental screening
- Preliminary risk assessment study

**CUSTOMER**

Ramboll Eesti AS

**LOCATION**

Tallinn

**PROJECT COUNTRY**

Estonia

**PERIOD**

2008

**SERVICES PROVIDED**

Feasibility study

IMAGE  
LNG tanker





### **Ramboll – Selected references on LNG projects**

Ramboll has been active in providing knowhow on design of LNG facilities in the Baltic Sea Region and in particular the Gulf of Finland since 2004. Ramboll has been involved in assessments of the overall demand and supply of natural gas to the Nordic countries – including evaluation of the need to augment import of piped natural gas with import of LNG to the region. More specifically, over the last decade Ramboll provided a continued expert assistance to developers of LNG import and regasification terminals in primarily Finland, Estonia, Lithuania and Sweden.

Ramboll has been heavily engaged in developing concepts for Gasum on large-scale LNG import and regasification terminals along the southern Finnish coast, concentrated around the harbours of Inkoo and Tolkkinen. A description of Ramboll's services for this client is presented in Annex 1.

In Lithuania, Ramboll assisted a client in the planning, design and construction of a LNG import facility in the port of Klaipeda. Terminal construction should follow a compressed schedule and hence Ramboll recommended the Floating Storage and Regasification Unit (FSRU) concept. Ramboll subsequently established a road map describing the process and necessary steps to take for rapid implementation of the terminal. CAPEX/OPEX estimates were prepared and identification of critical schedule path for completion was provided.

The terminal was located in the river mouth of the busy Klaipeda Port, wherefore navigational, geotechnical and risk issues played a major role and was analysed in depth.

A variety of selected references is given in the following.

#### GULFHAVN OIL TERMINAL LNG - TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY STUDY

**Customer:** Inter Terminals SGOT ApS

**Location:** Denmark

**Period:** 2014

**Overall project value:** Confidential

The technical aspects of both a LNG Bunkering and a large-scale LNG regasification terminal were assessed, including: process simulations for equipment sizing and heating/power requirements as a basis for the Mechanical Equipment List, as well as choice of regasification technology (for the large-scale terminal). This was the technical basis for the cost estimate for the terminal.



In addition, the most feasible layout for each of the terminal concepts were prepared and illustrated with a 3D visualization of the terminals.

The project included an overall evaluation of required marine facilities/structures and an environmental screening study.

#### GÄVLE LNG - CONCEPT STUDY

**Customer:** Swedegas

**Location:** Sweden

**Period:** 2014

**Overall project value:** Confidential

The technical aspects of a small to medium sized LNG terminal were evaluated, including: process simulations for the design of equipment and heating / power requirements as the basis for the MEL (Mechanical Equipment List), as well as the choice of gasification technology. This formed the technical basis for estimation of cost of the terminal.



The project included a comprehensive evaluation of the necessary marine facilities and structures.

Furthermore, Ramboll carried out risk analyses (risk identification and consequence modelling) to optimize layout and design, as well as prepared a basis for initial contacts to regulatory authorities.

Ramboll concluded the work by recommending a most feasible concept and layout.

#### LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS (LNG) TANK, DAPENG, CHINA

**Customer:** Technodyne International Limited

**Location:** Dapeng

**Period:** 2012-2013

As part of the upgrade to an existing LNG receiving terminal in Dapeng, China, Ramboll were appointed to carry out the detailed design of the outer concrete containment for a new 160,000m<sup>3</sup> LNG tank. The work is being carried out in partnership with Technodyne International Ltd as part of a long term relationship delivering cryogenic storage projects in Europe and Asia.





**HIRTSHALS LNG – ENVIRONMENTAL APPROVALS****Customer:** Fjord Line Denmark A/S**Location:** Denmark**Period:** 2012**Overall project value:** Confidential

Ramboll assisted Fjord Line through the process of obtaining regulatory approvals and prepared an Environmental Impact Assessment including a safety report.

As part of the latter, a comprehensive risk analysis (impact modelling) was made to optimize the design, ensuring that the risks associated with the boarding of passenger ferries and terminal building would be acceptable.

**FINNGULF: LNG PROJECT MANAGEMENT CONSULTANCY AND EIA****Customer:** Gasum Oy**Location:** Finland**Period:** 2012**Overall project value:** 370.000 EUR

Ramboll was selected a Project Management Consultant for concept development of LNG import terminals at two discrete locations east and west of Helsinki. Ramboll had to consider a phased development of the facilities from a small-scale terminal for marine bunker fuel, over a floating storage and regasification solution, to a large-scale receiving terminal storing some 500,000 m<sup>3</sup> LNG.



Ramboll provided all technical input to the consultants elaborating the environmental impact assessment (EIA) and facilitated the Client in meeting various authorities and stake holders.

**NORTH SEA LNG SUPPLY INFRASTRUCTURE****Customer:** Esbjerg Harbour**Location:** Denmark**Period:** 2012**Overall project value:** 18.000 EUR

Establishment of an LNG supply chain in the North Sea to service maritime sector and other sectors within transport.

**FEASIBILITY STUDY AND COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS OF LNG****Customer:** Elering AS**Location:** Estonia**Period:** 2012**Overall project value:** Confidential

Evaluation of the feasibility of an LNG re-gasification plant in Muuga Harbour, Tallinn. Conceptualisation of LNG terminal, cost estimations and market and financial analysis for terminal operations providing security of supply to Estonian and Finnish markets and allowing for commercial uses of LNG including use as a bunker fuel.



#### RASGAS, UPGRADE OF LNG BERTHS 1 AND 2 FOR Q-FLEX

**Customer:** Port of Ras Laffan

**Location:** Qatar

**Period:** 2009-2012

**Overall project value:** 200.000 EUR

RasGas commissioned a Front End Engineering Design Study and a Detail Engineering Study to determine the modifications required to upgrade LNG Berth 2 at Port of Ras Laffan, Qatar so that berth facilities could accommodate Q-flex vessels with typical capacity of 217,000 m<sup>3</sup>. Existing design capacity was vessels up to 135,000 m<sup>3</sup> capacity.



Primary object of concern was no modification to existing topside equipment on loading platform and no interruption of normal operation.

Ramboll performed this engineering study involving all ship-to-shore connections:

- Loading Arms
- Access Gangway
- Quick Release Hooks
- Fender
- Mooring Dolphins
- Breasting Dolphins

#### STUDY ON INTRODUCING NATURAL GAS AS FUEL IN THE DANISH SHIPPING SECTOR

**Customer:** Danish Environmental Protection Agency

**Location:** Denmark

**Period:** 2011-2012

**Overall project value:** 36.000 EUR

The study looked into the possibilities, environmental benefits and economic viability of introducing LNG or CNG as fuel in the Danish shipping industry. Ramboll contributed to the final report with chapters on synergies with land transportation and operational consequences for the shipping industry. Furthermore, Ramboll Oil & Gas served as the study's gas expert and delivered input to other chapters (e.g. inputs on risk and processing of LNG and CNG facilities).



#### FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR AN LNG FILLING STATION INFRASTRUCTURE

**Customer:** Energinet.dk

**Location:** Copenhagen Denmark

**Period:** 2011-2012

**Project budget:** 37.000 EUR

The aim of the project was to set up recommendations on the establishment of a marine LNG infrastructure in Denmark and its implications on regulation, security of supply, grid operations etc.





#### FEASIBILITY STUDY OF THE ELECTRICAL INTERCONNECTION AND ENERGY TRADE BETWEEN THE ARAB COUNTRIES

**Customer:** The Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development (AFESD)

**Location:** Copenhagen Denmark

**Period:** 2012

**Project budget:** 225.000 EUR

The Arab league of Countries has sought the assistance of AFESD to carry out a feasibility study with the goal of determining the possibility of energy trade among the Arab countries. The main objectives and scope of this study address the outlining of a strategy and master plan to develop the trade of energy among Arab Countries – focussing on prices of LNG, cost and supply of natural gas - determining the trade-offs between export of electricity and/or natural gas.

The work is carried out in cooperation with CESI of Italy.



#### INDUSTRY PARK OF SWEDEN, FEASIBILITY STUDY, PROJECT HELGA

**Customer:** INDUSTRY PARK OF SWEDEN

**Location:** Helsingborg

**Period:** 2011-2012

**Project budget:** 45.000 EUR

Feasibility study of project HELGA, an LNG-terminal nearby Helsingborg. Study of the procurement costs of the LNG terminal and expected demand for LNG from the maritime sector at the port. Market assessment on the basis of ship traffic, type and routing.



#### POLAND – ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONALITIES AT LNG TERMINAL

**Customer:** Polskie LNG

**Location:** Świnoujście, Poland

**Period:** 2011

**Overall project value:** 120.000 EUR

Polskie LNG intended to analyse possible additional functionalities the new Polish LNG import facility that they could offer to its future clients. For this reason a special study was commissioned to PwC with Ramboll as technical advisor to provide answers to key questions about the directions for development of the infrastructure constructed in Świnoujście. This elaboration along with its conclusions will provide reliable information to facilitate the decision-making process regarding the possible expansion of the terminal's functionality.



**ESTONIA – TALLINN LNG TERMINAL PRE-FEASIBILITY STUDY****Customer:** Elering (Estonian TSO); Vopak; Port of Tallinn**Location:** Tallinn, Estonia**Period:** 2012**Overall project value:** 75.000 EUR

Evaluation of feasibility of an LNG re-gasification plant in Muuga Harbour, Tallinn. Conceptualisation of LNG terminal, cost estimations and market and financial analysis for terminal operations providing security of supply to Estonian and Finnish markets and allowing for commercial uses of LNG including use as a bunker fuel.

**POLAND – POLISH LNG IMPORT TERMINAL. PROJECT REVIEW PROGRESS****Customer:** Polskie LNG**Location:** Świnoujście, Poland**Period:** 2011**Overall project value:** 30.000 EUR

During late 2011 Ramboll conducted a project review/audit of the Polskie LNG project with the intent to clarify an apparent lack of progress on the construction site in Swinoujscie.



The contract was signed mid 2010 and first shipment of LNG is scheduled for 2014. The construction work was experiencing serious lack of progress compared to the original plan and Ramboll was authorized by the investor to identify reasons why and to recommend solutions to overcome these difficulties.

**FINLAND – NEW LNG TERMINAL FOR GASUM. PROJECT MANAGEMENT****Customer:** GASUM OY**Location:** Gulf of Finland**Period:** 2010-2011**Project budget:** 470.000 EUR

Ramboll was selected as project management consultant to assist Gasum in developing an LNG import facility on the south coast of Finland. The initial key tasks were to develop a project plan and to focus on critical tasks for the project, a/o to arrange an amendment of the current land-use plan and to draft a programme for the environmental impact and risk assessment. Concurrently, Ramboll continued developing the concept for the LNG import terminal.





**SWEDEN – FYRISLUND CNG/LNG FUELLING BUS DEPOT****Customer:** Polskie LNG**Location:** Fyrislund, Sweden**Period:** 2010**Overall project value:** Confidential

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) or Liquefied Biogas (LGB) will be supplied to the plant and either used directly by LNG/LBG buses or vaporised and compressed to a minimum of 230 bar (g) and used to fuel CNG/CBG buses. Refuelling shall take place from four fast fill LNG dispensers, 80 slow fill CNG dispensers and one CNG fast fill dispenser, at any time of the day.

Ramboll has developed the specification for this refuelling plant from which tender documents were produced and submissions evaluated. Ramboll will remain involved for the testing, commissioning and handover phases in a co-ordination and project management capacity, working with ProcessKontroll and Cryo for the delivery of the project.

**FINLAND - NEW FINNGULF LNG TERMINALS. PROJECT MANAGEMENT****Customer:** GASUM OY**Location:** Finland**Period:** 2011**Project budget:** 800.000 EUR

Ramboll was awarded a contract by Gasum Oy, Finland, for provision of project management services in connection with their plans for construction of a terminal on the south coast of Finland for import of liquid natural gas (LNG).

**KLAIPEDA LNG - ROAD MAP****Customer:** Klaipėdos Nafta AB**Location:** Klaipėda**Period:** 2010-2011**Project budget:** 58.000 EUR

As preparation for the planning, design and construction of a LNG import facility in the port of Klaipėda, Ramboll established a road map describing the process and necessary steps. Cost and time estimates, including identification of critical paths for completion were provided, along with identification, description and assessment of LNG import concepts and locations. Finally, capacity considerations regarding the existing connecting gas grid and compliance with European regulation on security of supply was performed.



**NYNAS REFINERY NATURAL GAS SYSTEM****Customer:** Nynas AB**Location:** Nynäshamn, Sweden**Period:** 2008-2010**Overall project value:** Confidential

The customer Nynas AB has signed an agreement with AGA for the supply of natural gas from their LNG terminal to the Nynas refinery. The gas shall be used as a feedstock in two hydrogen plants where naphtha was used previously. The agreement also includes the supply of steam from Nynas AB for the evaporation of LNG. Ramboll is responsible for the design of the steam and natural gas pipelines.

**FINLAND - LNG IMPORT AND REGASIFICATION FACILITY. FEASIBILITY STUDY****Customer:** Gasum Oy**Location:** Finland**Period:** 2008-2009**Overall project value:** 100.000 EUR

The project concerned a feasibility study to investigate the possibilities to construct an import and re-gasification plant in Finland. The study involved investigation into novel onshore and offshore techniques for offloading and re-gasification of LNG with special consideration to navigating in the narrow Finnish archipelago and to the often cold climate. Ramboll investigated a wide spectrum of technologies yielding a variety of output capacities.

**ESTONIA - ONSHORE LNG IMPORT TERMINAL PRE-FEASIBILITY STUDY****Customer:** Ramboll Eesti AS**Location:** Tallinn, Estonia**Period:** 2008**Overall project value:** 110.000 EUR

The project concerned a pre-feasibility study for a proposed new LNG terminal for LNG Estonia Ltd. LNG Estonia is a new player on the Baltic gas market, owned by the Port of Tallinn and private investors. The LNG import facility is meant to provide security of natural gas supply to Estonia, but is also intended to become an important actor on the liberalised gas market in the region, including Finland and Latvia. The study was an extension of a preceding site investigation study, which was also conducted by Ramboll.

**SKANGASS LNG BASE LOAD PLANT - RISAVIKA****Customer:** Lyse Infra AS**Location:** Sola, Norway**Period:** 2007-2010**Overall project value:** Confidential

The Energy company Lyse in Stavanger has together with the investment company Celcius Invest AS established Skangass AS to construct and operate an LNG production facility in Sola, Norway. Ramboll provided assistance with project coordination during the construction phase as well as with follow-up on project contractual issues.





**BORÅS GAS FILLING STATION & LNG STORAGE****Customer:** Borås Energi & Miljö AB**Location:** Borås**Period:** 2007-2008**Overall project value:** Confidential

Borås Energi and Miljö appointed Ramboll to act as their consultant in connection with the engineering and construction of a new biomethane vehicle filling station in Borås with an LNG storage plant as a backup system for the biomethane vehicle fuelling.

**BALTIC ENERGY MARKET INTERCONNECTION PLAN (BEMIP)****Customer:** European Commission**Location:** Baltic sea region**Period:** 2009**Overall project value:** 59.000 EUR

The BEMIP is one of the six priority areas identified by the EU Commission in the Second Strategic Energy Review as published in November of 2008.

The BEMIP report analyses and evaluates natural gas infrastructure projects around the Baltic Sea in terms of evaluating the impact on market development and security of supply. The report makes recommendations on how to address the two major challenges of the region: energy market integration and the depletion of gas reserves in the North Sea.

Import of LNG played a major role in the evaluations made.

**ADRIATIC LNG TERMINAL - TOPSIDES QUOTATION PROJECT****Customer:** Initec S.A.**Location:** Spain**Period:** 2005**Overall project value:** Confidential

The Adriatic LNG Terminal in Italy is the first ever offshore Gravity Based Structure (GBS) for unloading, storing and regasifying Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG).

Overall, the offshore Terminal is designed around a large concrete structure, which houses two LNG tanks, and includes a regasification plant and facilities for mooring and unloading LNG vessels. Ramboll's scope of service included supporting the client in the bidding phase for the terminals topsides modules on the basis of developed FEED documents.



**Customer:** Gasum Oy

**Location:** Espoo

**Period:** 2004-2007

**Project budget:** 2.500.000 EUR

Ramboll was appointed technical project management consultant and engineering consultant for the Balticconnector offshore pipeline project. The project comprised of a 100-150 km offshore pipeline linking the gas networks of Finland and Estonia. The work involved system layout and flow analyses of the offshore pipeline and connecting networks, as well as landfall evaluations and installation design.

Import of LNG to either of the countries was seen as a vital prerequisite for connecting the gas grids on either side of the Finnish Gulf.



#### SAFETY CASE FOR ADGAS LNG PLANT

**Customer:** ADGAS

**Location:** United Arab Emirates

**Period:** 2004

**Project budget:** 45.000 EUR

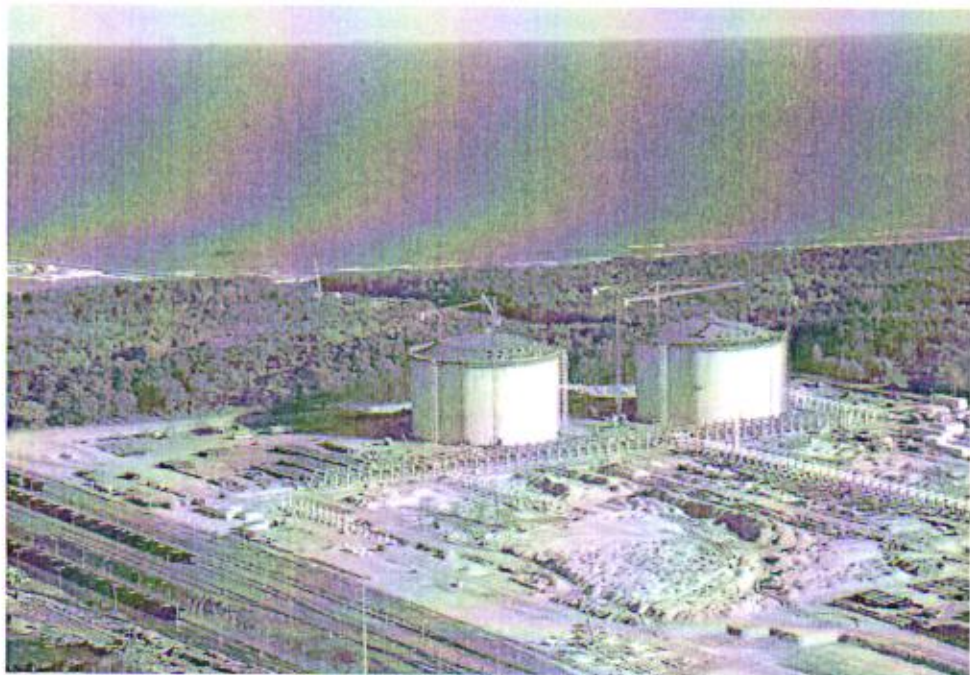
The Safety Case covers description of the process facilities and safety systems, review and performance audit of the HSE management system, equipment integrity audit, HAZID, generic HAZOP, quantitative risk assessment, evacuation, escape and rescue analysis, temporary safe refuge analysis, and emergency response analysis. Conclusions from the studies in the Safety Case resulted in a formal justification for continued operation of the facilities. The software delivered with the Safety Case may serve as a framework for risk tracking, and as basis for risk evaluations in specific cases.





## ENERGY AND POWER TRANSMISSION

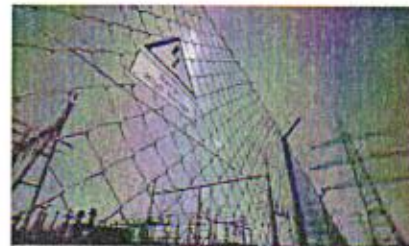
Offshore wind, waste-to-  
energy, major power plants  
and district heating



### Ramboll's approach

At Ramboll we acknowledge that the development of the energy sector requires a holistic approach in order to provide long-term solutions for the coming generations. We focus on providing solutions that can uphold the quality of supply throughout their entire lifetime.

For Ramboll, the technical solutions are only part of the delivery. It is clear that any project on the global market is characterised by increasing project complexity, demand for flexible solutions, greater focus on stakeholder involvement and decreasing cost (CAPEX & OPEX).



### Ramboll's consulting expertise

Ramboll can offer engineering consultancy services ranging from design of HV equipment and substation automation all the way to offshore platform design and onshore constructions including civil works.

Furthermore, Ramboll offers consultancy services for engineering and design of HV overhead lines. We provide solutions for mast design and predesign covering geotechnical and topographical investigations and cables.



### Consultancy services

Ramboll's power transmission services focus on four disciplines, which all supplement each other:

- Offshore substations
- Onshore substations
- Overhead lines
- HV cables

For every one of these segments, Ramboll has the competencies to provide consultancy services covering all engineering aspects.

As a preferred solution provider, Ramboll is accustomed to working as the Owner's Engineer at EPC level. In general, our services include:

- Technical, environmental and financial analysis and recommendations needed to support the investment decision
- Project management
- Conceptual design and layout
- Life time extension evaluation
- Management of the tendering and procurement process
- Contract management
- Supervision during construction and commissioning
- Operation and maintenance advisory services
- Project follow-up after delivery of the facility

Our competent power transmission team provide consulting services covering the entire project cycle from outline design to post construction in relation to both refurbishments and green-field power transmission projects.



## RAMBOLL POLSKA

Ramboll Polska is an engineering consultancy company specializing in energy projects, with annual sales exceeding 3 million USD. The company has been operating in Poland since 1990 (earlier as Elsamprojekt Polska) and has participated in a number of projects implemented in Polish energy sector. The company is based in Warsaw. We currently employ over 30 consultant engineers, most of whom are highly qualified specialists with huge experience in all engineering disciplines, enabling Ramboll to perform engineering and consultancy services for power plants and cogeneration plants. After Ramboll global organisation took over ENVIRON, leading America consultancy in environment, the total number of Ramboll specialists in Poland exceeded 50 persons.

Beside the knowledge and experience of the Polish specialist from our office, in our work we use the knowledge and experience of engineers from our mother company. Ramboll has a large team of consultants in energy and engineering with broad international experience gained through designing, supervision over construction and providing operational support for over 90 large power plants throughout the world. Ramboll's offer includes maintenance and optimisation of existing thermal power plants by implementing new technologies, increasing efficiency and reducing noxious emissions, as well as designing new high-efficiency power plant based on high steam parameters and cogeneration of heat and power.

As an engineering company Ramboll Polska is fully independent of any suppliers, contractors and utilities operating in the power sector and our studies are fully acceptable by financial institutions and banks.

Ramboll Polska provides a full range of consultancy and engineering services for the energy sector. Our major fields of specialisation cover CHP units, CCGT units, units with supercritical steam parameters, rehabilitation of existing plants as well as large projects within renewable energy area.

We are able to provide services in all phases of an energy projects, starting with a conceptual and analytical studies in pre-project phase through procurement phase up to Owner's Engineer services during construction and commissioning.

Over the recent years we performed numerous concept studies and feasibility studies. We have the knowledge and experience required to prepare power projects in various technologies, in the power output range from a few MW to the largest power units. We have taken part in preparing Tender Specifications for turn-key project implementation and for package based project implementation. Among other, we prepared a number of conceptual studies for Vattenfall (now PGNiG Termika) for cogeneration units at Warsaw CHP Plants. The analyses included power output range from 125 to 600MWe, both with fluidised bed and with pulverised fuel boiler. Basing on our analysis covering multiple alternatives, the concept of new 480MWe/500MWt unit at Siekierki CHP Plant with a PF boiler. We also made feasibility studies for green field power plants: coal fired 2x800MW, coal fired 1000MW, gas fired 2 x 450MW. We made feasibility studies for gas based and biomass based cogeneration plants of lower power output, i.e. 10-100 MWe at ZEC Kogeneracja, CHP Pruszków and CHP in Łódź.

As Technical Advisor/Owner's Engineer we took part in the implementation of important power projects. These included the construction of Poland's first combined cycle units in Nowa Sarzyna, Rzeszow and Lublin, where we acted as Owner's Engineer. As a Contract Engineer we also participated in the construction of ELCHO Chorzów Power Plant.

Our works are performed in compliance with the Quality Management System based on ISO 9001:2008 implemented in our company- certificate number 9444.

## SELECTED REFERENCE CHP PROJECTS

Client/Year	Project description
Grupa Azoty, Division Pulawy 2015 – in progress	<p><i>Technical Advisory in the project of 400 MW CCGT</i></p> <p>Ramboll provides consulting services mainly in the procurement process of the project.</p>
TAURON Wytwarzanie S.A. 2013	<p><i>Feasibility Study for the construction of CCGT unit with district heating generation at TAURON Wytwarzanie, Łagisza Power Plant in Będzin.</i></p> <p>As part of the Study, the possibilities of power construction were analysed, covering power output from 450 MW to 600 MW and heat output of approx. 250 MWt. The Study analysed the site conditions, assessed the possibility of using the existing infrastructure and systems of Łagisza Power Plant for the new CCGT unit and compared to options of connecting to the gas system (distribution vs. transmission system). A comparative analysis of various CCGT locations within the premises of the existing Power Plant was made. Competitive power projects in Poland were analysed, as well as electricity prices on the stock exchange, and probable operation profiles of the new units on the competitive market were defined.</p> <p>An active economic model was prepared. Economic analysis, including sensitivity analysis, was performed, and the conditions on the power market and natural gas market influencing the operation mode and profitability of the new gas fired unit operation were discussed.</p>
PGE GIEK S.A. and GAZ-SYSTEM S.A. LNG Terminal 2012	<p><i>Feasibility study for a combined cycle gas turbine (CCGT) unit with infrastructure for LNG Terminal in Świnoujście.</i></p> <p>The study analysed the possibility of applying cogeneration systems based on gas engines, gas turbines and a CCGT unit, with outputs in the range of 40-140 MW. Conditions and limitations for the new unit construction in terms of site/local conditions, environment, connection to the power grid were assessed, taking into account the existing and new facilities and infrastructure. Alternative technical connections were analysed to use heat for LNG regasification. A detailed concept of selected alternatives was prepared, including an economic and financial analysis together with active economic model.</p>
Energa Invest 2012 – 2015	<p><i>Services for the construction of CCGT unit in Gdańsk.</i></p> <p>The scope of work included preparation of Feasibility Study analysing a 420-520 MW CCGT unit with closed cooling system. The study analysed site conditions and limitations, connection to the infrastructure and to the power grid.</p> <p>The Study included analysis of energy market, analysis of environmental impact, detailed technical concept, legal and organizational analysis, detailed time schedule for project implementation, economic and financial analysis, including an active technical and economic model.</p> <p>Services also include preparation of EIA as well as preparing necessary documentation, technical and legal advice in the</p>



	<p>permitting process of documentation, technical and legal consultancy in the administrative process of obtaining the Environmental Decision for the project.</p>
<p><b>PGNiG Termika</b> <b>2013 – 2014</b></p>	<p><i>Preparing Tender Specification and permitting process for the public procurement for a new CHP Plant in Pruszków</i></p> <p>Work included developing a concept of Pruszków CHP Plant in the conditions of limited gas supply. The study analysed a technical concept for installation of gas engines of total output approx. 10 MWe, modifying the existing HOB boiler WR25 to meet environmental requirements and a new peak-load and reserve boiler plant.</p> <p>A complete tender documentation was prepared for 3 tendering procedures: for modernisation of K12 and K13 water boilers for stricter environmental standards, for the construction of water pre-treatment plant; for the delivery and erection of a cogeneration unit based on gas engines and a peak-load and reserve boiler plant (cogeneration unit of approx. 10MWe, 3-5 gas engines).</p> <p>An information sheet was prepared for the modernisation of K12 and K13 HOB boilers for stricter environmental standards and environmental decision for the project was obtained. An environmental impact assessment (EIA) report was prepared, and environmental decision was obtained.</p>
<p><b>Energa Invest</b> <b>2012-2013</b></p>	<p><i>Technical Advisor services in a project of approx. 900MW CCGT unit construction in Grudziądz.</i></p> <p>The scope of works included preparing Feasibility Study analysing the application of F&amp;H class turbines. The study included a review of current applications of gas turbines and solutions for CCGT units, case study analyses (detailed contracting and management systems in projects similar to the analysed project, in Poland and internationally), reference to Polish public procurement conditions, analysis of energy market in terms of competition, power trade market, detailed technical concept, legal an organisation analysis, economic and financial analysis. Besides environmental analyses were made and input to EIA report was prepared. SWOT analysis was also conducted, as well as risk analysis and competition analysis for the project neighbourhood. Detailed concept of CCS installation was presented in the study as well as CCS information as an input to investor's environment impact analysis.</p> <p>Thermal balance calculations were made and thermodynamic model was prepared in Thermoflex.. And active technical and economic (financial) model was prepared, enabling flexible change of unit operation mode following power price changes during the day and during the week, and including maintenance plan for gas turbines.</p>

<b>Vattenfall Heat Poland 2011</b>	<p><i>Environmental impact report for planned 450MW CCGT at Żeran CHP Plant</i></p> <p>Environmental impact report for a project of modernization and extending Żeran CHP by constructing a 450MW CCGT plant with all necessary infrastructure and elements of spatial arrangement, including 5-month full nature inventory and thermal analysis of the discharge of post-cooling water to the Vistula and Żeran Canal, and an analysis covering CO<sub>2</sub> capture from flue gas (CCS). A detailed concept of CCS system was presented in the Feasibility Study: Analysis of a project involving construction of a gas fired unit at Żeran CHP Plant, Warszawa, including optimisation of technical and operational parameters"</p> <p>Basing on the report, Environmental Condition Decision was issued.</p>
<b>MPEC Olsztyn 2014</b>	<p><i>Feasibility Study for a CHP plant in Olsztyn, including RDF as main fuel, 90 MW total available capacity.</i></p> <p>The study analysed various alternatives for CHP plant with an RDF fired unit (grating boilers, CFB, BFB). Extension of the CHP plant with an installation firing natural gas, biomass or coal was also analysed. Site related conditions and limitations were analysed. CAPEX was evaluated, economic analysis was made and an active technical and economic model for the project developed. Basing on the study, the technological alternative for the CHP plant was selected from implementation, consisting in a cogeneration WtE unit and a gas/oil fired peak loading boiler plant, and guidelines for Terms of Reference were defined.</p>
<b>Vattenfall Heat Poland 2010</b>	<p><i>Feasibility Study: Analysis of a project involving construction of a gas fired unit at Żeran CHP Plant, Warszawa, including optimisation of technical and operational parameters.</i></p> <p>The study included analysis of multiple project alternatives for the construction of CCGT unit of approx. 300-500 MWe and approx.. 250 MWt. Optimisation analyses were conducted, taking into account several sizes of gas turbines and CCGT units, in one-shaft and multi-shaft configurations, with backpressure steam turbine and with extraction/condensing steam turbine.</p> <p>Thermal balances and a thermodynamic model using Thermoflex software were prepared.</p> <p>An economic analysis of project profitability was carried out. Various operation modes were analysed depending on the change of power prices throughout the day and on the gas price structure. The analysis included operation of VHP's other generating facilities.</p>



## CHP STUDY AND LNG IN ŚWINOUJCIE

**Feasibility study and cost-benefit analysis of LNG bunkering infrastructure construction in the harbours of port of tallinn.**

In 2012 Ramboll Polska prepared a feasibility study for Gas-System covering technical concepts of CHP on the premises of LNG terminal in Świnoujście

Options to co-generate power based on heat demand of SCV regasification units served as the background for the study.

Six technological options were analysed in the study, including: CCGT, gas turbine, gas engines.

**CUSTOMER**  
Gas-System

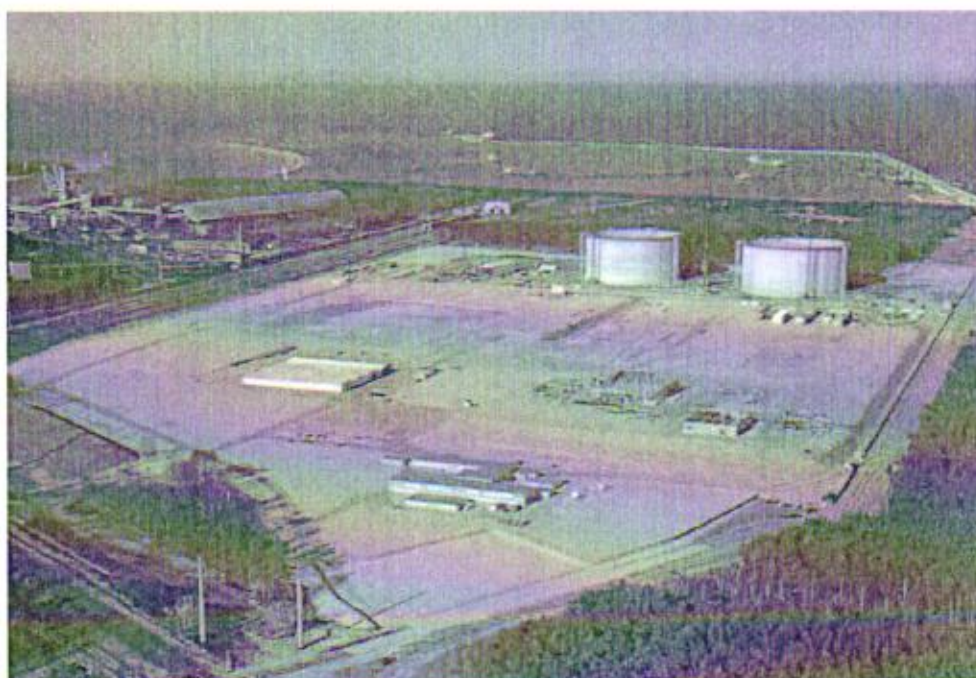
**LOCATION**  
Świnoujście

**PROJECT COUNTRIES**  
Poland

**PERIOD**  
2012



- Units of 42÷128 MWe electrical output and 38 ÷112 MWt thermal output were considered
- Expected heat demand of SCV regasifiers (110 MWt peak demand, 1500 TJ/a heat consumption) was used as the basis for technical solutions of planned CHP
- Investment schedule: CCGT – 26-30 months; gas engines/gas turbine – 18-22 months
- Capex (2012 prices): CCGT – 374-579 mln PLN; gas engines – 177 mln PLN; gas turbine – 192 mln PLN
- 50 MWe/50 MWt unit (gas turbine) was recommended for further analysis
- Constraints in grid infrastructure were identified as the main obstacle for larger electrical output capacities
- Profitability of the investments highly dependent on regulations (support scheme for CHP)
- Study needs to be updated in order to take into account: changes in the regulatory environment, price forecasts, conclusions from first operational experience of the terminal, any grid reinforcements realised by DSO in the meantime, new concepts raised by the client etc.





RAMBOLL

# HYDRAULIC AND COASTAL ENGINEERING

with focus on LNG



## HYDRAULIC AND COASTAL ENGINEERING

### DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURES EXPOSED TO HYDRODYNAMIC AND COASTAL PROCESSES

Coastal and marine structures are subject to the changing meteorological and oceanographic conditions in terms of wind, waves, current and water levels. This has to be taken into account in the design, but also the effect of the structures on the local conditions often has to be analysed. This could be the influence from a breakwater on the wave climate and the effect on the current conditions and sediment transport in the area. The most effective tool for evaluating the hydrodynamic and oceanographic conditions is numerical hydraulic models.

#### Wave models

Wave modelling constitutes one of the core areas in Ramboll's hydraulic expertise. For analysing the wave climate and design wave conditions wave modelling is often the best tool to use. On basis of bathymetry and meteorological data waves generated in an enclosed area can be analysed using a spectral wave model and in the same way transformation of offshore waves to near shore areas can be modelled. Setting up a spectral wave model is often the first step in analysing the wave climate in a specific area. The wave modelling can both be made for representative directional scenarios and for extreme events such as typhoons or hurricanes.

Detailed studies of wave tranquillity in ports and behind breakwaters is a central part when optimizing the layout and design. In ports wave disturbance simulations are important in order to plan the berthing facilities and in relation to downtime analysis for the ships at the harbour. The wave tranquillity

analyses are carried out using a Boussinesq wave model which is capable of taking factors such as shoaling, refraction, diffraction and partial reflection/transmission for irregular waves into account.

#### Sediment transport and coastal impacts

Coastal structures often have an influence on the current conditions and sediment transport in the area. Ramboll carries out analysis of sediment transport problems such as sedimentation in entrance channels, coastal erosion and shoreline development, and also the necessary sediment transport modelling. Furthermore Ramboll carries out planning and design of coastal protection solutions, provides expert consultancy for shoreline management and prepares coastal protection strategies.

#### Environmental impacts

For larger coastal and port projects an environmental impact assessment is required. Analyses of the effect of dredging and reclamation on water quality and sedimentation will be analysed using particle transport and sediment transport models. The results of the modelling will be fed in to the environmental assessment and constitutes an important basis. Also blocking effects influencing the current conditions and water quality can be analysed by hydraulic modelling.

#### Design input

When designing structures in coastal and marine areas design criteria's for wind, waves, water level and current are required.

Design criteria are evaluated based on statistical analyses of extreme weather events. Complex problems are evaluated on basis of in-situ investigations and numerical modelling using hydraulic models.

#### Metocean studies

When complete metocean studies are required Ramboll provides all the hydrodynamic modelling of waves, currents and water levels as well as the data analyses. The data analyses will include extreme value analyses and exceedance and persistence probabilities as well as presentation of data in rose plots and scatter tables. All analyses will be made with respect to directional intervals and season.

#### Hydraulic modelling using MIKE by DHI

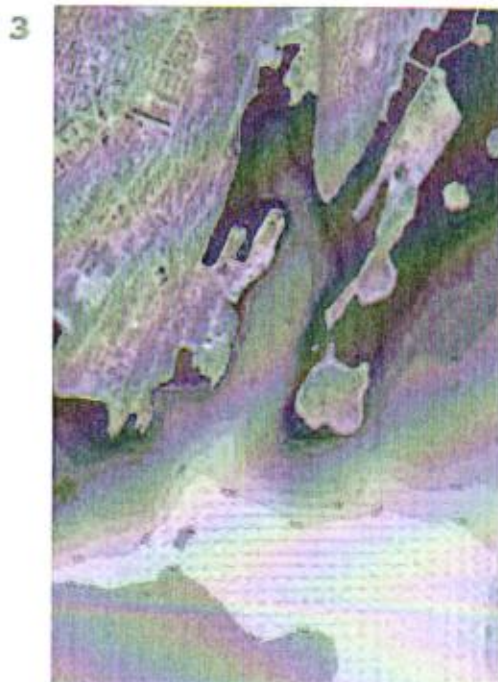
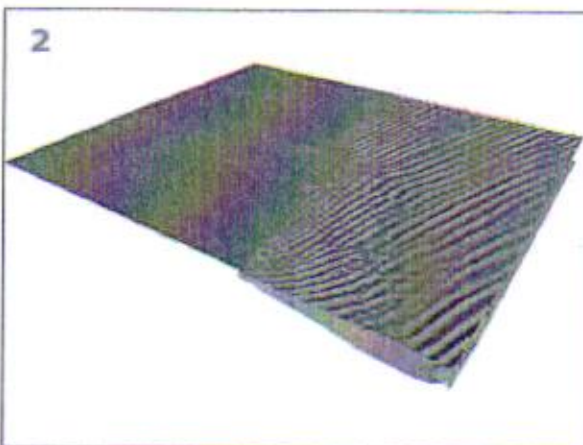
The internationally recognized MIKE 2I/3 and LITPACK models developed by DHI are utilized to analyse the hydrodynamic climate of coastal regions, wave modelling well as sediment processes, coastal development and particle dispersion in oceans, rivers and estuaries. The models are used by an experienced staff with expertise within ports, hydrodynamics and coastal morphology.

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#### Battleship Murmansk – Technical evaluations, Norway - 1

The sunken Russian battleship "Murmansk" in Sørøya in northern Norway has been attempted salvaged. Breakwaters and retaining walls were constructed around the battleship, but damaged during a storm. Subsequently Ramboll has been responsible for technical evaluations of the design including an analysis of design waves using MIKE 21 SW and BW, to assess the contractors design assumptions.

#### Coastal hydraulic assessment, Hambantota, Sri Lanka - 2

As part of the feasibility study for a new seaport at Hambantota, Ramboll carried out wave tranquillity analyses and simulated wave conditions for the new harbour. Sediment transport analyses were carried out to investigate possible sedimentation problems in the entrance channel and the optimum arrangement of the entrance channel and breakwaters suggested. Impacts on the coastal environment were investigated as part of an EIA.

#### EIA for expansion of Port of Nuuk, Greenland - 3

In connection with an expansion of the Port of Nuuk to accommodate larger container and cruise vessels Ramboll has performed an EIA for the port expansion, including hydraulic modelling and assessments of manoeuvring conditions for the large vessels. The hydraulic assessment consisted of numerical model analyses for evaluating the current conditions as well as sediment dispersion modelling for evaluating the effect of dredging.

## FEASIBILITY STUDIES AND PORT MASTER PLANNING

### ASSISTING THE PORT WITH PLANNING AND DECISION MAKING

#### Feasibility Studies

Based on the construction of consistent development scenarios, Ramboll prepares feasibility studies and provides expert consultancy in port master planning.

Feasibility studies typically include technical investigations, traffic analyses, financial analyses and environmental impact analyses. Further, Ramboll assists with conceptual and preliminary designs, authority management and development policy. Financial and economic evaluations are typically based on the set up of solid traffic forecasts.

Ramboll is uniquely qualified to identify and analyse port cargo-potentials and to subsequently prepare the reliable viability analysis. In-depth technical, environmental and economic issues must be evaluated when greenfield seaport projects are considered.

Ramboll can assist port authorities, municipalities, and other decision-makers with preparing a basis for decision-making. We have vast experience within project management of large projects through all phases from preinvestigations and planning to design and project implementation in the field.

Feasibility studies typically form the basis for investor decisionmaking. Ramboll is well qualified to prepare feasibility studies that fulfil the specific requirements of development banks. Based on our feasibility studies, we have helped clients get financing for their projects from financial institutes.

#### Port Master Planning

When port authorities consider expanding and upgrading port facilities to accommodate new or larger vessels, a number of facilities may need to be reconfigured such as, for example, berths, land storage areas, mooring systems, and scour protection. The first step, however, is evaluating and analysing the facilities. Ramboll will assist port authorities with all necessary evaluations and analyses.

The need to keep up operations during expansion and upgrades are duly considered in all our studies.

In our evaluation of the manoeuvring conditions at project sites, we include real-time ship simulations—preferably carried out by local captains. In the design of mooring arrangements and quays, the dynamics of moored ships, which are influenced by wind, waves, currents and passing ships, are analysed using numerical mooring models.

The crucial analysis of wave climate in coastal regions, wave agitation and sediment processes in ports, coastal development and particle dispersion in oceans, rivers and estuaries, are carried out using the state-of-the-art and internationally recognized MIKE 21/3 and LITPACK numerical models developed by DHI. The models are used by our highly qualified staff, who are experts in ports, hydrodynamics and coastal morphology.

#### Our Services

- Feasibility studies
- Port master planning
- Traffic forecasts
- Site identifications and land-use assessments
- Technical pre-investigations
- Wave disturbance and sediment transport analyses
- Coastal impact assessments
- Environmental and socio-economic assessments (EIA and SIA)
- Assessments and real-time simulations of maneuvering conditions
- Port and terminal planning
- Economic and financial viability assessments
- Commercial and financial project structuring
- Conceptual design

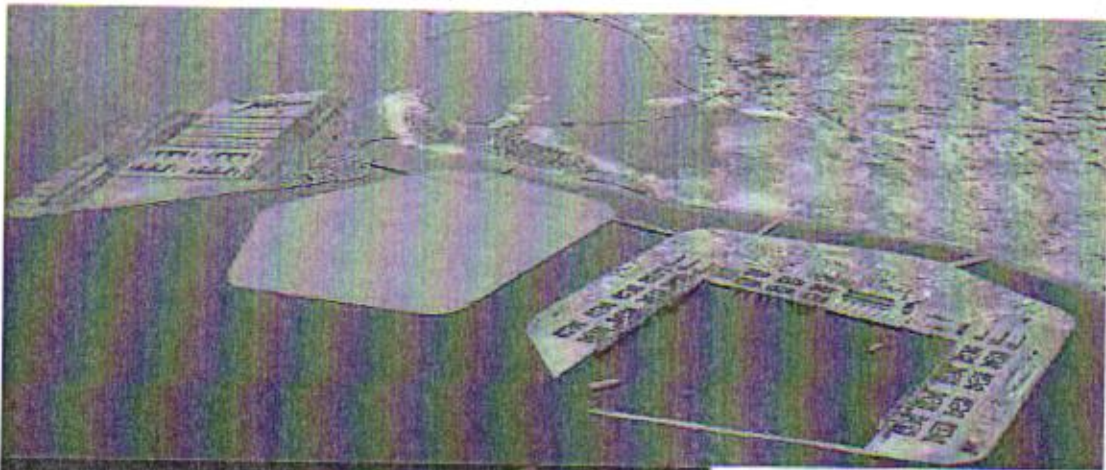
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**Feasibility study for Sangley Airport and Seaport Project, Manila (Philippines) - 1**

Ramboll has performed a feasibility study for the combined Sangley Airport and Seaport Project in Manila. The study covers a new international airport and seaport with supporting traffic infrastructure comprising roads, bridges, an immersed tunnel and a light rail connection.

**Feasibility study for new greenfield seaport, Hambantota (Sri Lanka) - 2**

Ramboll has assisted Sri Lanka Port Authorities (SLPA) with planning of a new major greenfield seaport at Hambantota. The seaport will contain a wide variety of terminals, including a dry bulk, liquid bulk, break bulk, Ro-Ro and a container terminal.

**Port Extension, Sisimiut (Greenland) - 3**

The Municipality of Sisimiut extended the existing Port of Sisimiut. Ramboll has assisted the Municipality with ship traffic assessments, port planning, wave tranquility analyses, conceptual design and preparation of tender documents.

**New Cruise Terminal for Port of Copenhagen (Denmark) - 4**

The Port of Copenhagen intends to develop a new modern Cruise Terminal in the North Harbour of Copenhagen. The project implies development of 900 m new quay, connection roads, terminal buildings and adjustments to the existing approach channel. Ramboll has been responsible for the preliminary investigations, ship simulations, and elaboration of design basis and conceptual design.



## ADVANCED DESIGN OF PORT AND MARINE STRUCTURES

RAMBOLL HAS VAST EXPERIENCE WITH THE DESIGN OF ADVANCED PORT AND MARINE STRUCTURES FROM PROJECTS WORLDWIDE.

Ramboll has through a various number of projects around the world gained wide experience with the design of advanced marine structures. Ramboll offers a design which is optimized with regard to material use, fabrication and installation cost, as well as operation and maintenance cost. Furthermore, limiting the environmental impact is an integrated part of the design process.

**Port and Marine structures**  
Ramboll has experience with design of all types of marine structures:

### Sheet Pile Quay Wall

Steel sheet pile wall with a concrete capping beam on top, with one or more anchor levels consisting of stretch anchors and anchor heads.

### Diaphragm Quay Wall

Reinforced concrete wall cast in a deep ditch with a capping beam on top, anchored with a tie rod to a structure of piles, a barette wall or a dead man.

### Block Quay Wall

Precast concrete blocks stacked on top of each other and thereby forming a wall which is stable by its deadweight.

### Concrete Caisson Quay Wall

Precast concrete caissons placed in a line, forming a quay wall. The caissons are typically cast in a dry dock, on a barge or similar, floated to the site and filled with ballast. The caissons can if necessary be anchored by a tie rod and a dead man.

### Gravity based foundations for offshore wind turbine generators

Concrete structures casted on land, transported to sea and lifted in place, where it is filled with ballast material.

### Gravity based foundations for offshore transformer stations

Precast concrete caisson, floated to the site and filled with ballast. On top of the concrete caisson a steel transition piece which carries the topside structure will be placed. The foundation additionally consists of secondary structures such as boat landing, fenders, J-tubes etc.

### Design process

Marine structures are often highly complex, and the design requires a wide range of competences. Ramboll has the expertise to cover the entire spectrum of disciplines required for the design of marine structures. The most important aspects of the design are:

### Geostatic analysis

The geostatic analysis contains soil bearing capacity, stability, settlement analysis etc.

### Structural design of steel and concrete structures

The structural design of steel and concrete structures are carried out by numerical modelling. The design comprises of ULS, SLS, FLS, ALS as well as seismic analysis.

### Floating stability

For floating structures, the depth of immersion as well as the stability is analyzed.

### Software

Besides various kind of specialized in-house developed software programs, Ramboll uses the following commercial programs for analyzing advanced marine structures:

### Plaxis 3D

PLAXIS 3D is a finite element package intended for three-dimensional analysis of deformation and stability in geotechnical engineering. It is equipped with features to deal with various aspects of complex geotechnical structures and construction processes using robust and theoretically sound computational procedures.

### LUSAS

LUSAS is a world-leading finite element analysis software application for the analysis, design and assessment of all types of structures.

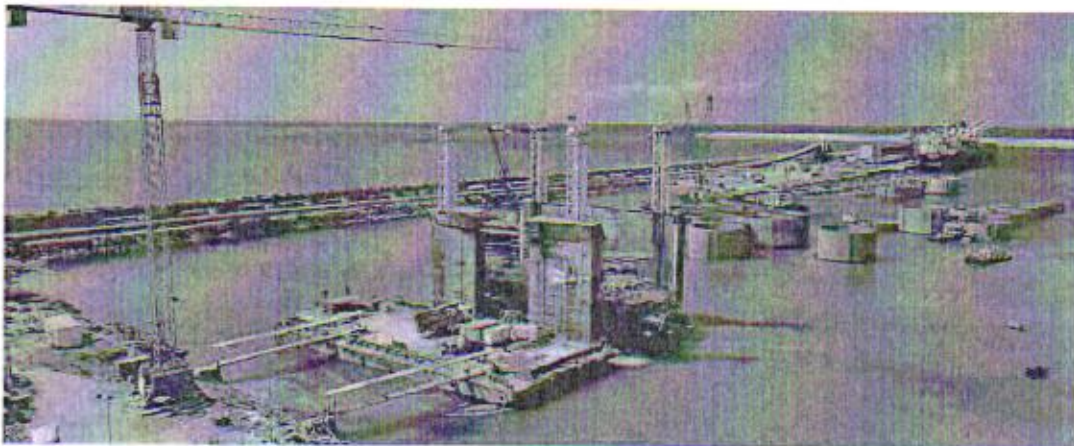
### D-sheet

D-sheet is a tool used to design sheet pile retaining walls. D-sheet automatically calculates the optimized length for a retaining structure. D-Sheet Piling verifies the safety of the sheet pile wall for selected construction stages. The stability of the anchor wall is checked according to the Kranz theory. A Bishop slip-circle analysis is used to check the overall stability of the wall and soil.

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#### Port of Jorf Lasfar (Morocco)

Frontpage and upper photo

Ramboll has carried out detailed design for remedial and extension works at the Port of Jorf Lasfar in Morocco. The work includes rehabilitation and increasing the draft of 6 existing quays and construction of seven additional quays.

Ramboll has carried out all detailed design work for the site including: Remedial works and durability design, Quay wall design, Concrete caisson design, 2D & 3D Plaxis Modelling, Revetment & scour, Design of M&E works, Drainage design, Design of crane rails, Planning of Dredging works.

Ramboll has been working for the EPC Contractor.

#### Port of Beirut (Lebanon)

Lower photo

Ramboll has been responsible for all design works related to the expansion of the new Quay 12-14 - including the construction of a new 500 m long deep water block quay wall, dredging works in front of the new quay wall, reclamation of the old harbour basin to make space for an additional 20 hectares container terminal, as well as new fenders, bollards, crane rails, pavements.

Ramboll has prepared detailed design for the Contractor and participated in the Approval process with Port of Beirut.



## SOFREGAZ

### References in LNG Terminal





## LNG REGASIFICATION

SOFREGAZ unique history and experience in LNG regasification terminals and storage

## HIGHLIGHTS

- 96 LNG REGASIFICATION TERMINAL REFERENCES
  - 20 FEED Studies
  - 9 LNG Regasification terminals designed and built (11 LNG tanks with a cumulated capacity of 1,450,000 m3)
  - 67 References in feasibility studies, PMC, basic engineering, and process design
- STUDIED ALL LNG REGASIFICATION TERMINAL CONFIGURATION
  - Land based LNG Terminal
  - Offshore, FSRU type LNG Terminal
  - Offshore/onshore, FSU + land based regasification LNG Terminal
- SUPPLIED THE FOLLOWING VAPORIZER TECHNOLOGIES
  - Open Rack Vaporizer (ORV)
  - Submerged Combustion Vaporizer (SCV)
  - Intermediate Fluid Vaporizer (IFV)
  - Shell and Tubes Exchanger (STE)
- DESIGNED THE FOLLOWING TANK TECHNOLOGY
  - 9% Ni single, double, and full containment
  - Stainless steel membrane containment

Since its creation in 1959, SOFREGAZ has carried out 96 LNG receiving terminal projects either as Feasibility studies, FEED, PMC or EPC contractor.

Among them, forty projects have been awarded during the last decade confirming SOFREGAZ position as a key partner in LNG regasification projects. The

Regarding Gas System current and futures requirement we have presented our list of references in order to highlights where the following expertises have been studied:

- **Expansion**. SOFREGAZ has undertaken **4 expansions** of LNG terminal at FEED and EPC phases.
- **Offshore/onshore, FRSU**. SOFREGAZ has studied at FEED or due diligence phase **3 projects** that are being implemented currently.
- **Technico economic studies**. In the recent technico-economic studies that we have undertaken, all different type of technologies for vaporization, and storage tank in particular have been studies, compared and presented. **More than 60 feasibility, conceptual studies** have been undertaken which included technico-economic scope.
- Synergy of CHP with LNG terminal. We have studies on 2 particular LNG terminal projects the synergy between CHP units and regasification.
- **New commercial development**, bunkering/truck loading type. Most of the recent projects are in demand of implementing new commercial development to their terminal in order to maximize the selling of LNG. SOFREGAZ has developed **7 projects** where bunkering, truck loading, rail loading have been studied. All these projects are today under implementation at EPC phase.
- PMC, Commissioning and operation. SOFREGAZ has done 9 EPC for LNG Terminal where SOFREGAZ has been involved in all phases of the project being engineering, procurement, construction and commissioning activities and training of future operators. In addition to our EPC references we have supported many of our clients in PMC, commissioning activities and training of operators. This allows us to propose a strong commissioning/optimization of operation service, being implementation of commissioning activities or optimization of operation.



## SOFREGAZ Industrial References in LNG Terminal

Specific references more detailed after the list of references

Project	Client	Country	Award Date	Completion Date	Sofregaz Scope of work	Specificities	Capacity
SUDAN LNG TERMINAL	SUNAGAS	Sudan	2016	Ongoing	FEED		5 MMTPA
TEMA LNG (FSRU)	GNPC	Ghana	2016	Ongoing	Due Diligence	FSRU technico – economic study	3.5 MMTPA
TRUCK LOADING INSTALLATION	PORT DE DUNKERQUE	France	2016	Ongoing	FEED	Additional commercial development	To be determined
PANAMA LNG RECEIVING TERMINAL	AES	Panama	2015	On going	FEED	Offshore/onshore LNG terminal	0.4 MMTPA
REVITHOUSSA LNG TERMINAL 3 <sup>rd</sup> expansion	TERNA (end User DESFA)	Greece	2015	On going	Basic & Detailed engineering of Revithoussa LNG import terminal third expansion	Expansion of regasification + CHP integration	2.5 MMTPA
KLAIPEDA RELOADING STATION	KLAPEIDOS NAFTA	Lithuania	2014	2015	FEED for reloading station (truck loading & ship bunkering)	Technico economic + Additional commercial development	0.4 MMTPA
SUDAN LNG TERMINAL	SUN NATURAL GAS	SUDAN	2013	2014	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	5 MMTPA
LNG transhipment facilities at the Dunkerque LNG Terminal	COFIVA/ DUNKERQUE LNG	France	2013	2014	Update civil works specifications, preparation of buildings permits, follow-up "Etude de danger"	Additional commercial development	5 MMTPA
Dunkerque LNG Terminal Feasibility study of re-loading LNG tankers	DUNKERQUE LNG	France	2013	2013	Determination of the maximum re-loading capacity	Additional commercial development	9,600 m <sup>3</sup> /h
Guang Xi LNG Receiving Terminal	Sinopec	China	2012	On going	FEED + PMC during EPC	Onshore terminal including truck loading + commissioning + training of operators	3 MMTPA
Hazira LNG Receiving Terminal	SHELL HAZIRA (HLPL)	India*	2012	2013	Process Study	Expansion of regasification	7 to 10 MMTPA
Dunkirk LNG Receiving Terminal	DUNKERQUE LNG (EDF)	France	2011	On going	PMC during EPC	PMC	6.5 MMTPA
Termonoroeste LNG Terminal	ODEBRECHT ENERGY	Dominican Republic	2011	2011	Pre-Feasibility	CHP synergy	0.5 MMTPA

# SOFREGAZ Industrial References in LNG Terminal

Project	Client	Country	Award Date	Completion Date	Sofregaz Scope of work	Specificities	Capacity
LNG Project (Corsica)	EDF	France	2011	2011	FSRU Feasibility Study	Offshore terminal	0.5 MMTPA
Shandong LNG Receiving Terminal	Sinopec	China	2010	On going	FEED + PMC during EPC	Onshore terminal including truck loading + commissioning+ training of operators	3 MMTPA
Jiangsu LNG Receiving Terminal	HQCEC	China	2008	2012	PMC during FEED, Commissioning & Training	commissioning	3 MMTPA
Dalian LNG Receiving Terminal	HQCEC	China	2008	2012	PMC during FEED, Commissioning & Training	commissioning	3 MMTPA
Singapore LNG Receiving Terminal	SAMSUNG	Singapore	2010	2010	BOG Recondenser Design		3.5 MMTPA
Hainan LNG Receiving Terminal	HAINAN LNG (CNOOC)	China	2009	2010	FEED		2 MMTPA (expandable to 3 MMTPA)
Dunkirk LNG Receiving Terminal	DUNKERQUE LNG (EDF)	France	2008	2010	FEED		6.5 MMTPA
Adria LNG Terminal	ADRIA LNG	Croatia	2008	2009	FEED		4 MMTPA
Fos Cavaou LNG receiving terminal	GAZ DE FRANCE	France	2004	2009	EPC		6.5 MMTPA
Revithoussa LNG Receiving Terminal 2nd Extension	DESFA	Greece	2008	2009	Feasibility Study	Expansion storage and regasification	3 MMTPA
Panigaglia LNG Terminal	GNL ITALIA (ENI)	Italy	2008	2009	FEED		5 MMTPA
Guangdong LNG Terminal Extension (4th tank)	GUANGDONG DAPENG LNG	China	2008	2008	Feasibility and Impact Study + FEED	Expansion storage and regasification	3.7 MMTPA unchanged
Guangdong LNG receiving terminal	GUANGDONG LNG	China	2003	2008	EPC		3.7 MMTPA
Le Verdon LNG Terminal	ENDESA France	France	2008	2008	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	3.7 MMTPA
Brindisi LNG receiving terminal	BRINDISI LNG S.P.A	Italy	2005	2008	EPC		6 MMTPA
Cacouna LNG Receiving Terminal	PETROCANADA - TRANSCANADA	Canada	2006	2007	FEED & Open Book Cost Estimate EPC proposal		4 MMTPA



# SOFREGAZ Industrial References in LNG Terminal

Project	Client	Country	Award Date	Completion Date	Sofregaz Scope of work	Specificities	Capacity
Adria LNG Terminal	ADRIA LNG	Croatia	2006	2007	Conceptual Study	Technico economic	4 MMTPA
Dunkerque LNG Receiving Terminal	ELECTRICITE DE FRANCE	France	2005	2007	Conceptual Study	Technico economic	6.5 MMTPA
Revithoussa LNG Receiving Terminal 1st Extension	DEPA	Greece	2005	2007	EPC		2 MMTPA
Coega LNG Receiving Terminal	IGAS	South Africa	2007	2007	Conceptual Study	Technico economic	3 MMTPA
Puerto El Musel (Gijon) LNG Terminal	ENAGAS	Spain	2006	2007	FEED		2.5 MMTPA
Jamaica LNG receiving terminal	MUSTANG	Jamaica	2006	2006	FEED Subcontractor		1 MMTPA to 2 MMTPA
Shanghai LNG receiving terminal	CNOOC & SHENERGY	China	2005	2006	FEED		3 MMTPA
Tangshan LNG receiving terminal	HUANQIU	China	2005	2006	FEED		6 MMTPA
Canaport LNG Terminal	INITEC (IRVING OIL & REPSOL YF)	Canada	2005	2005	Process studies		4 MMTPA
Rosignano LNG – Ethylene Terminal Project	EDISON - BP	Italy	2004	2005	FS + pre-FEED	Technico economic	6.1 MMTPA
Tenerife LNG Terminal	Compania Transportista de Gas Canarias	Spain	2003	2004	FEED		1 MMTPA
Gran Canaria LNG Terminal	Compania Transportista de Gas Canarias	Spain	2003	2004	FEED		1 MMTPA to 1.8 MMTPA
Hazira LNG Terminal	HLPL (Shell Gas BV)	India	2001	2004	FEED & EPC		2.5 MMTPA
Arinaga LNG import terminal	GASCAN	Spain	2003	2004	FEED		1.2 MMTPA
Fujian LNG import terminal	FUJIAN LNG CNOOC	China	2003	2003	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	2.6 MMTPA
Bilbao LNG Terminal	BAHIA DE BIZKAI GAS (BBG)	Spain	2000	2003	EPC		5 MMTPA
Idku LNG export terminal	BG - EDISON	Egypt	2002	2002	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	3.6 MMTPA

# SOFREGAZ Industrial References in LNG Terminal

Project	Client	Country	Award Date	Completion Date	Sofregaz Scope of work	Specificities	Capacity
Rosignano LNG - Ethylene Terminal Project	EDISON - BP	Italy	2001	2001	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	2.3 MMTPA
Adriatico Offshore LNG terminal	EDISON GAS	Italy	2001	2001	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	3 MMTPA
Suape LNG & LPG Import Terminal	SHELL / PETROBRAS	Brazil	1999	2000	FEED		3.5 MMTPA
Chengtouliao LNG Terminal	TOTAL / GAZ DE FRANCE	China	1999	1999	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	Confidential
Fos/Mer LNG Terminal	GAZ DE FRANCE	France	1998	1999	Detailed Engineering		Revamping
Montoir-de-Bretagne LNG Terminal	GAZ DE FRANCE	France	1998	1999	Detailed Engineering		Revamping
Revithoussa LNG Terminal	DEPA	Greece	1996	1999	EPC		1 MMTPA
Dahej Import LNG Terminal	PETRONET LNG	India	1998	1999	FEED		5 MMTPA
GBS/FRSU Kakinada LNG Facilities	TOTAL	France	1998	1998	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal in Lebanon	TOTAL	Lebanon	1998	1998	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Finland LNG Import Terminal	IVO INTERNATIONAL LTD.	Finland	1996	1997	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Offshore LNG Terminal	I.E.C	Israel	1997	1997	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Low Cost LNG Terminal	TOTAL	France	1996	1996	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Essar LNG Import Terminal	ESSAR/GAZ DE FRANCE	India	1996	1996	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Rotterdam LNG Import Terminal	KEMIRA AGRO (TECHNIP)	Netherland	1996	1996	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Unloading Arm Environmental Study	COSEREP Canada	Canada	1995	1995	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Fos-sur-Mer LNG Terminal	GAZ DE FRANCE	France	1994	1995	Detailed Engineering		



# SOFREGAZ Industrial References in LNG Terminal

Project	Client	Country	Award Date	Completion Date	Sofregaz Scope of work	Specificities	Capacity
Kerala LNG Import Terminal	KERALA STATE IND. DEV. CORP.	India	1995	1995	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Gujarat LNG Import Terminal	GUJARAT POWER CORP. Ltd.	India	1994	1995	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import in Israel	MINISTRY OF ENERGY	Israel	1994	1995	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal Project	TRANSENERG	Philippines	1995	1995	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
1 <sup>st</sup> Extension of Pyong Taek LNG Terminal (Addendum)	KGC	Korea	1993	1994	Technical Assistance		
LNG Studies for TRANSGAS	LNCE/TRANSGAS	Portugal	1994	1994	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Setubal LNG Import Terminal	TRANSGAS	Portugal	1994	1994	Basic Engineering		
Mosgaz Peak Shaving Plant	GAZ DE FRANCE	Russia	1994	1994	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import - IPP Projects	MDX ITALTHAI	Thailand	1994	1994	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Zhanjiang LNG Import Terminal	SITHE ENERGIES INC. NY	USA	1994	1994	Site Survey		
LNG Import to Pakistan	WORLD BANK	Pakistan	1993	1993	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Marmara LNG Terminal	TECHNIGAZ / BOTAS	Turkey	1990	1993	E & P		
Cost of a LNG Chain (Part: Receiving Terminal)	TOTAL	France	1992	1992	Cost Estimate		
LNG Terminal associated to a Power Plant	CEPM	France	1992	1992	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
1 <sup>st</sup> Extension of Pyong Taek LNG Terminal	KGC	Korea	1990	1992	Technical Assistance		
Revamping of the LNG Tanks - Arzew Liquefaction Plant	SONATRACH	Algeria	1989	1991	EPC		
LNG Import to Hong Kong	CHINALIGHT/TOTAL/SHELL/GDF	China	1991	1991	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	

# SOFREGAZ Industrial References in LNG Terminal

Project	Client	Country	Award Date	Completion Date	Sofregaz Scope of work	Specificities	Capacity
North Taiwan LNG Import Terminal	PACIFIC ENGINEERS & CONSTR.LTD	Taiwan	1991	1991	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Terminal associated with a Power Plant	GAZ DE FRANCE DDII	Thailand	1991	1991	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal in Ireland	BGE	Ireland	1990	1990	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import to India	GAIL	India	1989	1989	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal in Greece	DEP	Greece	1987	1987	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Hong Kong LNG Terminal	H K & CHINA GAS COMPANY	China	1984	1984	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Pyong Taek LNG Terminal	KGC	Korea	1982	1984	Basic & Detailed Engineering	Technico economic	
Adriatica LNG Project	SES	Croatia	1981	1981	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Tanks (Roll Over)	ENAGAS	Spain	1979	1979	Safety Study		
Zeebrugge LNG Terminal	DISTRIGAZ	Belgium	1977	1977	Safety Study		
LNG Import Terminal-Kopper	PETROL LJUBLJANA	Slovenia	1977	1977	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Barcelona LNG Terminal	ENAGAS	Spain	1976	1976	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal in Germany (Wilhelmshafen)	DFTG	Germany	1975	1975	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal in Attica (Greece)	MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY	Greece	1973	1974	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Import Terminal in Spain	ENAGAS	Spain	1974	1974	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
LNG Storage Tank (New Concept)	STOGAL	France	1971	1971	Feasibility Study	Technico economic	
Chile & Sao Paulo & Rio de Janeiro LNG Import Projects	INTEROCEANIA	Chile/Brazil	1984		Feasibility Study	Technico economic	



**GNPC  
TEMA LNG FSRU  
TEMA, GHANA**

**LNG Send-out capacity design:** 3.4 MTPA FRSU

**Contract:**

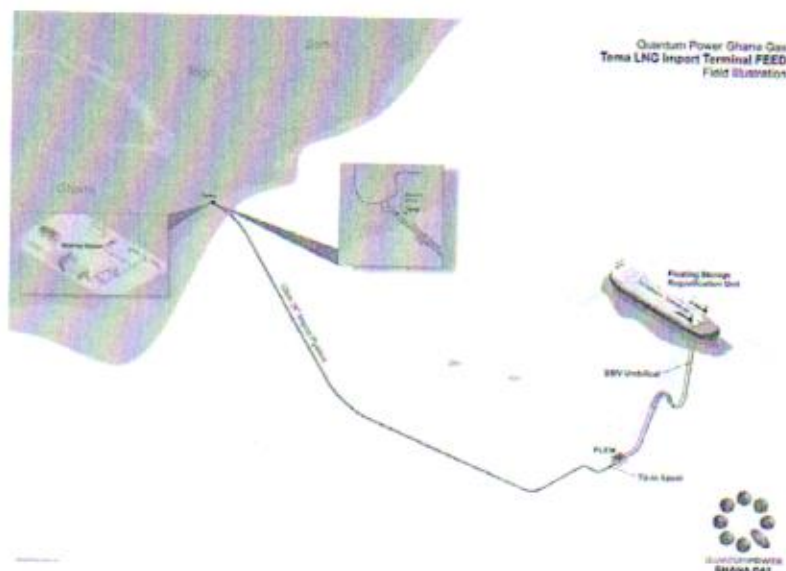
Due Diligence

Review of the study prepared by co-investor of GNPC including budget estimates. Assist and advise GNPC in relation to tender preparation and evaluation activities.

**Scope of work:**

- Review and validation of the operational objectives, scope and level of services offered as stated by Quantum Power
- Review and validation of the Standards to be met by the project
- Review and validation of development costs
- Review and validation of the Engineering Solution
- Review of Construction phase
- Review of the facility Operation and Maintenance arrangements
- FSRU
- Review of compliance with industry standards
- Review and validation of the Standards to be met by the project

Ongoing



## AES PANAMA LNG IMPORT TERMINAL PANAMA

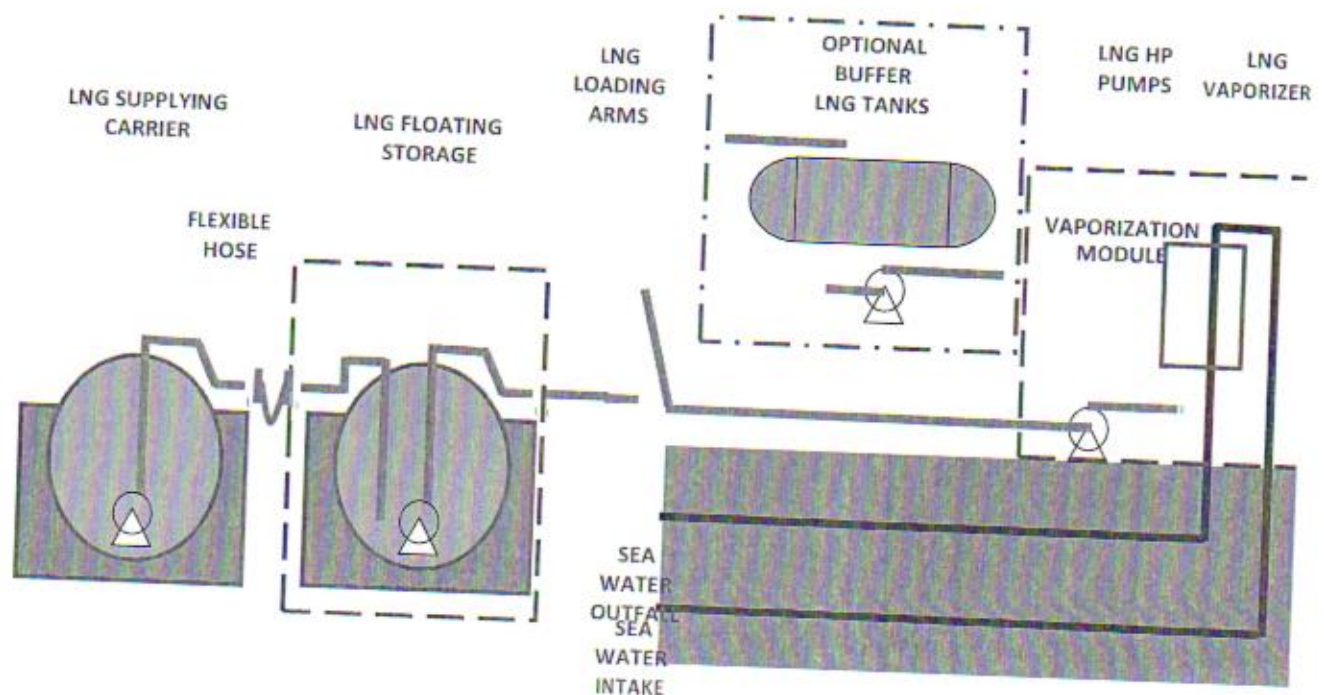
LNG Send-out capacity design: 0.4 MTPA  
Vaporizers: SCV and IFV  
Tanks: 10 000 m3 PHASE 1 + FSU  
160 000 m3 PHASE 2  
Contract: Lumpsum FEED

Finished in 2016

Challenge was to have LNG in 18 months due to readiness of CCGT. What has been implemented is a phase 1 with FSU and vaporization onshore, and a buffer tank of 10 000m3 in order to be ready in 18 months to vaporize the LNG.

PHASE 2 will be done in parallel which consist of expansion of vaporization and erection of a 160 000m storage tank full containment.

### PHASE 1





## **DESFA REVITHOUSSA LNG IMPORT TERMINAL REVITHOUSSA, GREECE**

**LNG Send-out capacity design:** 1MTPA

**2 MTPA 2<sup>nd</sup> expansion**

**2.5 MTPA 3<sup>rd</sup> expansion**

**Vaporizers:** ORVs and SCVs

**Tanks:** 2 x 65,000 m<sup>3</sup> (9%Ni Full Containment Tanks) +1 in construction

**Contract:** 1998 – 2000 EPC

**2006 – 2008 EPC of 2<sup>nd</sup> expansion**

**2008-2009 Feasibility study on additional services and 3<sup>rd</sup> expansion**

**2016 – ongoing Basic Engineering and detailed engineering during EPC of 3<sup>rd</sup> vaporization expansion**

Ongoing

SOFREGAZ is the privileged engineering company of REVITHOUSSA LNG TERMINAL since its construction in 1998. SOFREGAZ has participated in all the expansion phases of the terminal since 1998.

